LC5000

**** Bill No. ****

Introduced By *********

By Request of the *******

1 A Bill for an Act entitled: "An Act creating the Health Care 2 Liability and Injured Patients Compensation Act; requiring the insurance commissioner to establish a health care liability 3 insurance plan; requiring certain health care providers to 5 participate in the health care liability insurance plan; allowing 6 certain health care providers to participate in the health care 7 liability insurance plan; exempting certain health care providers 8 from participation in the health care liability insurance plan; 9 providing for the administration of the health care liability insurance plan; making certain health care providers and certain 10 11 persons alleging medical negligence subject to the provisions of 12 the Health Care Liability and Injured Patients Compensation Act; 13 limiting noneconomic damages for medical negligence; establishing a health care liability insurance plan board of governors and 14 describing the authority, duties, and responsibilities of the 15 16 board; establishing an injured patients and families compensation 17 fund and providing for the administration of the fund, including 18 setting and collecting premiums to establish and sustain the 19 fund; establishing an injured patients and families compensation 20 fund peer review council and describing the authority, duties, and responsibilities of the council; revising the composition of 21 22 the board of medical examiners to include the presiding officer 23 of the injured patients and families compensation fund peer

LC5000

review council; requiring the board of investments to invest the 1

- 2 assets of the injured patients and families compensation fund;
- 3 revising certain provisions regarding the Montana Medical Legal
- Panel; revising the authority, duties, and responsibilities of 4
- 5 the insurance commissioner in order to administer certain
- provisions of the Health Care Liability and Injured Patients 6
- Compensation Act; amending sections 2-15-1731, 17-6-201, 17-6-7
- 203, 25-9-402, 25-9-403, 25-9-412, 27-6-103, 27-6-105, 27-6-606, 8
- 9 and 33-1-311, MCA; providing for transition; and providing
- 10 effective dates and an applicability date."

11

12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Montana:

13

- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through
- 15 32] may be referred to as the Health Care Liability and Injured
- 16 Patients Compensation Act.

17

- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 18
- 1 through 32], unless the meaning clearly requires otherwise, the 19
- 20 following definitions apply:
- 21 "Adjacent state" means any of the following states: (1)
- 22 Idaho, North Dakota, South Dakota, or Wyoming.
- 23 (2) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an advanced
- 24 practice registered nurse licensed by the state of Montana under
- 25 Title 37, chapter 8, who is certified as a advanced practice
- 26 registered nurse by the state board of nursing.
- 27 (3) "Board" means the board of governors created in [section

- 1 21].
- 2 (4) "Claimant" means any patient who has a claim, the
- 3 patient's representative, or any spouse, parent, minor sibling,
- 4 or child of the patient who has a derivative claim for injury or
- 5 death due to medical negligence.
- 6 (5) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance
- 7 provided for in 2-15-1903.
- 8 (6) "Council" means the injured patients and families
- 9 compensation fund peer review council established in [section
- 10 281.
- 11 (7) "Department" means the department of public health and
- 12 human services established in 2-15-2201.
- 13 (8) "Fiscal year" means the period beginning on July 1 and
- ending on the following June 30.
- 15 (9) "Fund" means the injured patients and families
- 16 compensation fund established in [section 19].
- 17 (10) "Health care facility" has the meaning provided in 50-
- 18 5-101.
- 19 (11) "Health care professional" means an individual who is
- 20 licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to Title 37, chapter
- 21 3, 4, 6, 8, 10 through 14, 17, or 20 through 28.
- 22 (12) "Health care provider" means a person:
- 23 (a) to whom [sections 1 through 32] apply under [section
- 24 4(1)]; or
- 25 (b) who elects to be subject to [sections 1 through 32]
- under [section 4(2)].
- 27 (13) "Medical negligence" means a negligent act or omission

of a health care provider acting within the scope of the health

- care provider's employment or profession while providing health
- 3 care services.

2

- 4 (14) "Patient" means an individual who received or should
- 5 have received health care services from a health care provider or
- from an employee of a health care provider acting within the
- 7 scope the employee's employment.
- 8 (15) "Physician" has the meaning provided in 37-3-102.
- 9 (16) "Plan" means the health care liability insurance plan
- 10 for health care providers established under [section 3].
- 11 (17) "Principal place of practice" means the state in which
- 12 a health care provider:
- 13 (a) furnishes health care services to more than 50% of the
- 14 health care provider's patients in a fiscal year; or
- 15 (b) derives more than 50% of the health care provider's
- income in a fiscal year from the practice of the provider's
- 17 profession.
- 18 (18) "Representative" means the personal representative,
- 19 spouse, parent, guardian, or attorney or other legal agent of a
- 20 patient.

21

- 22 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Health care liability insurance
- 23 **plan**. (1) The commissioner shall promulgate rules establishing a
- 24 plan of health care liability coverage for health care providers.
- 25 (2) The plan must:
- 26 (a) operate subject to the supervision and approval of the
- 27 board;

of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

(b) offer professional health care liability coverage in a standard policy form;

(c) include but not be limited to the following:

- (i) rules for the classification of risks and rates that reflect past and prospective loss and expense experience in different areas of practice and of the fund; and
 - (ii) a rating plan that takes into consideration the loss and expense experience of an individual health care provider, which experience resulted in the payment of money, by the plan or other sources, for damages arising out of medical negligence, except that an adjustment to a health care provider's premiums may not be made under this section prior to the receipt of the recommendation of the council and the expiration of the time period provided in [section 30(4)] for the health care provider to comment, or prior to the expiration of the time period provided in [section 30(1)]; and
- 17 (d) include provisions for setting rates for insureds who
 18 are semiretired or who work only part-time.
 - (3) (a) The part of the plan described in subsection

 (2) (c) (ii) must provide for an automatic increase in the premium payable by a health care provider, except as provided in subsection (3) (b), if the loss and expense experience of the plan and other sources with respect to the health care provider or an employee of the health care provider exceeds either a number of claims paid threshold or a dollar volume of claims paid threshold, each threshold as established in the plan. The plan must also specify applicable amounts of increase corresponding to

the number of claims paid and the dollar volume of awards in excess of the respective thresholds.

3 (b) The plan must provide that the automatic increase does 4 not apply if the board determines that the performance of the 5 council in making recommendations under [section 30(2)] 6 adequately addresses the consideration set forth in subsection

7

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

(2)(c)(ii).

- 8 (4)(a) The board shall annually determine if the plan has 9 accumulated funds in excess of the surplus required under 33-2-10 109.
- 11 (b) If the board determines that the fund has accumulated 12 funds in excess of the surplus required, the board must:
- 13 (i) specify the method and formula for distributing the 14 excess funds; and
- 15 (ii) return the excess funds to the insureds by means of 16 refunds or prospective rate decreases.
 - (5) The state or the board may not be held liable for any obligation of the plan or of the fund.
 - (6) (a) If the commissioner determines that a health care provider is not subject to this section, the commissioner may, with the approval of the board, promulgate rules permitting the health care provider and all other similarly situated health care providers to obtain coverage under the plan.
 - (b) A health care provider that obtains coverage pursuant to subsection (6)(a) is subject to the provisions of [sections 1 through 32] in the same manner as a health care provider that is specifically subject to [sections 1 through 32].

or: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

(7) If the plan established under this section is dissolved for any reason, any assets of the plan that exceed the incurred liabilities of the plan accrue to the state general fund.

- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Participation -- when required -- optional. (1) Except as provided in [section 5], [sections 1 through 32] apply to the following:
- (a) a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse for whom this state is a principal place of practice and who practices the profession for which the physician or nurse is licensed in this state for 240 hours or more in a fiscal year;
- (b) a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse for whom an adjacent state is a principal place of practice, if the physician or advanced practice registered nurse:
 - (i) is a resident of this state;
- (ii) practices the profession for which the physician or nurse is licensed in this state or in an adjacent state or a combination of this state and an adjacent state for 240 hours or more in a fiscal year; and
- (iii) performs more procedures in an adjacent-state health care facility than in any other health care facility;
- (c) a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse who is exempt under [section 5(1) or (3)] but who practices the profession for which the physician or nurse is licensed outside the scope of the exemption and who fulfills the requirements under subsection (1)(a) in relation to that practice outside the scope of the exemption. For a physician or an advanced practice

LC5000

registered nurse who is, under this section, subject to [sections 1

- 2 1 through 32], [sections 1 through 32] apply only to claims
- 3 arising out of practice that is outside the scope of the
- exemption under [section 5(1) or (3)]. 4

8

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

5 (d) a partnership comprised of physicians or advanced 6 practice registered nurses, or both, and organized and operated 7 in this state for the primary purpose of providing the medical

services of physicians or advanced practice registered nurses;

- 9 (e) a corporation organized and operated in this state for 10 the primary purpose of providing the medical services of 11 physicians or advanced practice registered nurses, or both;
- (f) a hospital facility, as defined in 7-34-2102, that 12 operates in this state; 13
- 14 (g) a health care facility that operates in this state;
 - (h) an entity operated in this state that is an affiliate of a health care facility and that provides diagnosis or treatment of or care for patients of the health care facility; and
 - a long-term care facility, as defined in 50-5-101, whose operations are combined as a single entity with a health care facility described in subsection (1)(q), whether or not the operations of the long-term care facility are physically separate from the health care facility operations.
 - Any of the following may elect, in the manner designated by the commissioner by rule, to be subject to [sections 1 through 32]:
- 26 a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse: (a)
- 27 for whom this state is a principal place of practice; (i)

1 and

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- (ii) who practices the profession for which the physician or nurse is licensed for fewer than 240 hours in a fiscal year or a portion of a fiscal year during which the physician or advanced practice registered nurse practices the profession for which the physician or nurse is licensed;
- (b) except as provided in subsection (1)(b), a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse for whom this state is not a principal place of practice for a fiscal year or a portion of a fiscal year during which the physician or advanced practice registered nurse practices the profession for which the physician or nurse is licensed in this state.
- (3) For a health care provider who elects, under this section, to be subject to [sections 1 through 32], [sections 1 through 32] apply only to claims arising out of practice that is in this state and that is outside the scope of an exemption under [section 5(1) or (3)].

18

- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Exemptions. Except as provided in [section 4(1)(c)], [sections 1 through 32] do not apply to a health care provider that is any of the following:
- 22 (1) a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse 23 who is:
- 24 (a) a state, county, or municipal employee; or
- 25 (b) a federal employee or a contractor covered under the
 26 Federal Tort Claims Act and who is acting within the scope of the
 27 employee's employment or contractual duties;

(2) a health care facility that is operated by any governmental agency; or

- 3 (3) a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse 4 who provides, on a voluntary basis, professional services for 5 which the physician or nurse is licensed and:
 - (a) with respect to only those professional services provided by the physician or advanced practice registered nurse for which the physician or advanced practice registered nurse is covered under Title 2, chapter 9; and
- 10 (b) for which the physician or advanced practice registered 11 nurse is acting as an agent of the department.

12

1

2

6

7

8

9

- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Applicability to claimants. (1)

 For injury or death that is due to medical negligence, the

 following individuals are subject to [sections 1 through 32]:
- 16 (a) a patient who has a claim or the patient's representative; or
- 18 (b) a spouse, parent, minor sibling, or child of the 19 patient who has a claim or a derivative claim.
- 20 (2) Any claimant asserting medical negligence against a
 21 health care provider or an employee of the health care provider
 22 is subject to [sections 1 through 32].
- 23 (3) The fund provides coverage for claims for medical
 24 negligence against the health care provider or the employee of
 25 the health care provider. However, this subsection does not apply
 26 to any of the following:
- 27 (a) an employee of a health care provider if the employee

of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

1 is a physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a

- direct-entry midwife, as defined in 37-27-103, who is providing
- 3 direct-entry midwifery services that are not in collaboration
- 4 with a physician or under the direction and supervision of a
- 5 physician or an advanced practice registered nurse;
- 6 (b) a professional service corporation organized under
- 7 Title 35, chapter 4, by health care professionals if the board
- 8 determines that providing the medical services of physicians or
- 9 advanced practice registered nurses is not the primary purpose of
- 10 the professional service corporation. The board may not determine
- under this subsection (3)(b) that the primary purpose of a
- 12 professional service corporation is not to provide the medical
- services of physicians or advanced practice registered nurses
- 14 unless more than 50% of the shareholders of the service
- 15 corporation are not physicians or advanced practice registered
- 16 nurses.
- 17 (4) Subsection (3) does not affect the liability of a health
- 18 care provider described in [section 4(1)(d), (1)(e), or (1)(f)]
- 19 for the acts of its employees.

20

21

- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Remedy limited. [Sections 1
- 22 through 32] do not apply to injury or death:
- 23 (1) occurring from medical negligence or services rendered
- 24 prior to [the applicability date of this section]; or
- 25 (2) caused by a crime intentionally committed by a health
- 26 care provider or an employee of a health care provider, whether
- 27 or not the criminal conduct is the basis for a medical negligence

1 claim.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Claim by minor sibling. Subject to [section 13], a sibling of a person who dies as a result of medical negligence has a cause of action for damages for loss of society and companionship if the sibling was a minor at the time of the deceased sibling's death. This section does not affect any other claim available under [sections 1 through 32].

9

16

17

18

- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Action to recover damages. An action to recover damages for medical negligence must comply with the following:
- 13 (1) the complaint in an action regarding medical negligence
 14 may not specify the amount of money to which the plaintiff
 15 supposes to be entitled;
 - (2) the court or jury, whichever is applicable, shall determine the amounts of medical expense payments previously incurred and for future medical expense payments; and
- 19 (3) venue in a court action under [sections 1 through 32] 20 is:
- 21 (a) if the claimant is a resident of this state, in the 22 county in which the claimant resides; or
- 23 (b) if the claimant is not a resident of this state, in the county, at the claimant's discretion:
- 25 (i) in which the claim arose; or
- 26 (ii) in which the defendant resides in this state or does 27 the majority of the defendant's business in this state.

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Forms. Except as otherwise specifically provided for in [sections 1 through 32], the commissioner shall prepare, have printed if necessary, and furnish, upon request, the forms and material the commissioner considers to be necessary to promote the efficient administration of [sections 1 through 32]. In satisfaction of this section, the commissioner may make available by electronic means the forms and material required under this section.

- NEW SECTION. Section 11. Limitation of attorney fees. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), with respect to any act of medical negligence for which a contingency fee arrangement is entered into on or after [the applicability date of this section], in addition to compensation for the reasonable costs of prosecution of the claim, the compensation determined on a contingency basis and payable to all attorneys acting for one or more plaintiffs or claimants is subject to the following limitations:
- (a) (i) 25% of the first \$1 million recovered if liability is stipulated within fewer than 180 days after the date of filing of the original complaint and more than 60 days before the first day of trial; or
- (ii) 33 1/3% of the first \$1 million recovered if liability is not stipulated within 180 days or fewer after the date of filing of the original complaint and at least 60 days before the first day of trial; and

of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

(b) 20% of any amount in excess of \$1 million recovered, regardless of the date of stipulation, settlement, verdict, or any other circumstance.

- (2) A court may approve attorney fees in excess of the limitations under subsection (1) upon a showing of exceptional circumstances, including an appeal.
- (3) An attorney shall offer to charge a client in a medical negligence proceeding or action on a per diem or per hour basis. An agreement for charges on a per diem or per hour basis must be made in writing at the time of the employment of the attorney. An attorney's fee on a per diem or per hour basis is not subject to the limitations under subsection (1).

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Payment for future medical expenses. (1) If a settlement, award, or judgment under [sections 1 through 32] resulting from medical negligence that occurred on or after [the applicability date of this section] provides for future medical expense payments in excess of \$100,000, that portion of future medical expense payments in excess of an amount equal to \$100,000, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs of collection, including attorney fees reduced to present value, attributable to the future medical expense payments must be paid into the fund.

- (2) The commissioner shall, by rule:
- (a) specify the criteria to be used to determine the medical expenses related to the settlement or judgment, taking into consideration developments in the provision of health care;

1	1
L	and

- (b) develop a system for managing and disbursing the money deposited under subsection (1) through payments for the expenses, including a provision for the creation of a separate account within the fund for each claimant's payments and for crediting each claimant's account with a proportionate share of any interest or other income earned by the fund, based on that account's proportionate share of the fund.
 - (3) The payments made under this section continue until the account is exhausted or the patient dies, whichever occurs first.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 13. Limits on noneconomic damages.

The amount of noneconomic damages recoverable by a claimant or plaintiff under [sections 1 through 32] for medical negligence, if the medical negligence occurred on or after October 1, 1995, is subject to the limits established in 25-9-411.

NEW SECTION. Section 14. Information needed to set premiums, assessments, or fees. Upon request by the commissioner, all information on health care facility bed capacity, occupancy rates, and other information determined by the commissioner to be necessary to set premiums, assessments, or fees under [sections 1 through 32] must be submitted by:

- (1) the department;
- 25 (2) the Montana medical legal panel established in 27-6-26 104; or
- 27 (3) any other entity determined by the commissioner to have

1 necessary information.

2

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- NEW SECTION. Section 15. Insurance policy forms. (1) An insurer may not enter into or issue any policy of health care liability insurance until the insurer's policy form has been submitted to and approved by the commissioner as provided in Title 33, chapter 1, part 5.
- 8 (2) The filing of a policy form by any insurer with the
 9 commissioner for approval constitutes, on the part of the
 10 insurer, a conclusive and unqualified acceptance of all
 11 provisions of [sections 1 through 32] and an agreement by the
 12 insurer to be bound by [sections 1 through 32] as to any policy
 13 issued by the insurer to any health care provider.
 - (3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), the issuance of a policy of health care liability insurance by an insurer to a health care provider constitutes, on the part of the insurer, a conclusive and unqualified acceptance of all of the provisions of [sections 1 through 32] and an agreement by the insurer to be bound under the provisions of [sections 1 through 32] as to any policy issued by the insurer to a health care provider.
- 21 (4) A policy issued under [sections 1 through 32] must 22 provide all of the following:
- 23 (a) that the insurer agrees to pay in full all of the following:
- 25 (i) attorney fees and other costs incurred in the settlement or defense of a claim;
- 27 (ii) any settlement, arbitration award, or judgment imposed

LC5000

against the insured under [sections 1 through 32] up to \$500,000 1

- 2 or the maximum liability limit for which the health care provider
- 3 is insured, whichever is greater; and
- any portion or all of the interest, as determined by 4
- 5 the board, on an amount recovered against the insured under
- [sections 1 through 32] for which the insured is liable; and 6
- 7 (b) that any termination of the policy by cancellation or
- nonrenewal is not effective as to a patient claiming medical 8
- 9 negligence against the health care provider covered by the policy
- 10 unless the insured has been notified as provided in subsection
- 11 (5) and Title 33, chapter 15, part 11, except that an insurer may
- cancel a health care provider's policy under 33-15-1103 if the 12
- health care provider is no longer licensed to practice the 13
- 14 profession or provide the medical services for which the health
- 15 care provider is licensed.
- (5) A notice of cancellation or nonrenewal that is required 16
- 17 under subsection (4)(b) issued to a health care provider who is a
- natural person must inform the person that the person's license 18
- to practice the medical profession for which the person is 19
- 20 licensed may be suspended or not renewed if the person does not
- 21 have sufficient liability insurance. The insurer shall retain a
- 22 copy of each notice issued under subsection (4)(b) for not less
- 23 than 10 years from the date of mailing or delivery of the notice
- 24 and provide a copy to the commissioner upon request.
- 25 (6) The insurer shall, upon termination of a policy of
- 26 health care liability insurance issued under [sections 1 through
- 27 32] by cancellation or nonrenewal, notify the commissioner of the

1	termination.
2	
3	NEW SECTION. Section 16. Insurance policy limitations. (1)
4	A health care liability insurance policy may not allow a health
5	care provider to reject a settlement agreed upon between the
6	claimant and the insurer.
7	(2) A health care liability insurance policy may allow the
8	insurer to make payments for medical expenses prior to any
9	determination of fault. A payment made under this section:
10	(a) is not an admission of fault;
11	(b) may be deducted from a judgment or arbitration award;
12	and
13	(c) is not to be repaid regardless of the judgment or
14	award.
15	(3) Nothing in this section restricts the insurer's right
16	of comparative contribution or indemnity in accordance with the
17	laws of this state.
18	
19	NEW SECTION. Section 17. Availability and effectiveness of
20	health care liability insurance. A health care liability
21	insurance policy written under the provisions of [section 3] may
22	not be canceled or nonrenewed except for nonpayment of premiums
23	or unless the health care provider's license is revoked by the
24	appropriate licensing board. A health care provider whose license
25	is revoked must be permitted to buy out of a claims-made policy.
26	
27	NEW SECTION. Section 18. Rulemaking authority. The

As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

LC5000

1	department	or	commissioner	may	promulgate	rules	that	are

2 necessary to enable the department or commissioner to perform

3 their respective responsibilities under [sections 1 through 32].

NEW SECTION. Section 19. Injured patients and families compensation fund established -- integrity. (1) There is an injured patients and families compensation fund within the state treasury.

- other money paid to the fund, all property and securities acquired through the use of money belonging to the fund, and all interest and dividends earned on money belonging to the fund are the sole property of the fund and must be used exclusively for the operations and obligations of the fund. The money collected by the fund for claims for injuries occurring on or after [the applicability date of this section] may not be used for any other purpose and may not be transferred by the legislature to other funds or used for other programs. However, fund money must be invested by the board of investments provided for in 2-15-1808 and, subject to the investment agreement with the board of investments, the earnings on investments are the sole property of the fund as provided in this section.
- (3) The expenditure of money from the fund for administration of the plan, the fund, the board, and the council are considered to be operations of the fund for the purposes of subsection (2).

LC5000

1	NEW SECTION. Section 20. Purpose of fund. (1) The fund is
2	established to curb the rising costs of liability insurance by
3	financing part of the liability incurred by health care providers
4	as a result of medical negligence claims and to ensure that
5	proper claims are satisfied. The purpose of the fund is to pay
6	for:
7	(a) the portion of a medical negligence award or judgment
8	that is in excess of \$500,000 or the maximum liability limit for
9	which the health care provider is insured, whichever limit is
10	greater;
11	(b) future medical expense payments under [section 12]; and
12	(c) claims under [section 25].
13	(2) The fund provides occurrence coverage for:
14	(a) a claim against a health care provider that has
15	complied with [sections 1 through 32];
16	(b) a claim against an employee of a health care provider
17	that has complied with [sections 1 through 32];
18	(c) reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the
19	payment of claims; and
20	(d) the administrative expenses of the fund.
21	(3) The coverage provided by the fund begins [the
22	applicability date of this section].
23	
24	NEW SECTION. Section 21. Board of governors
25	appointments compensation. (1) There is a health care
26	liability insurance plan board of governors.

(2) The board is allocated to the insurance department

27

established in 2-15-1902 for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121.

3 (3) The board is composed of:

6

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- 4 (a) three representatives of the insurance industry
 5 appointed by and to serve at the pleasure of the commissioner;
 - (b) one person to be named by the state bar of Montana;
- 7 (c) one person to be named by the Montana trial lawyers 8 association;
- 9 (d) two persons to be named by the Montana medical association;
- 11 (e) one person to be named by the Montana hospital 12 association;
 - (f) the commissioner or the commissioner's designated representative. If the commissioner appoints a designated representative, the representative must be employed by the office of the commissioner. The commissioner or the commissioner's representative serves as the presiding officer of the board.
 - (g) four public members, at least two of whom are not attorneys or physicians and are not professionally affiliated with any health care facility or insurance company, appointed by the governor.
 - (4) (a) Except as provided in subsections (4) (b) and (5), each member of the board, except the insurance commissioner, serves for a term of 3 years and may not serve for more than two consecutive terms.
 - (b) A vacancy on the board must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and the term of the person

appointed to fill the vacancy expires on the date of the original appointee's term.

- (5) A member may be removed from the board only for malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance, as determined by a 3/4 majority of the board or by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in subsection (6) (b), each board member is compensated at the rate of \$50 for each day of board business conducted by the member and approved by the board, plus expenses as provided for in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503.
- (b) A board member who is an employee of the state or any subdivision of the state may not be compensated under this section but is eligible to be reimbursed for expenses as provided in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503.

14

15

16

17

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

NEW SECTION. Section 22. Fund administration and

- operation. (1) Management of the fund is vested in the board.
- (2) The commissioner shall, for the operation of the fund:
- 18 (a) provide all staff services as necessary; or
- 19 (b) with the approval of the board, contract for all or 20 part of the services.
- 21 (3) For the purposes of carrying out its functions and the 22 purposes of [sections 1 through 32], the board may:
- 23 (a) sue and be sued;
- 24 (b) enter into contracts relating to the administration of 25 the fund, including claims management, servicing, and payment;
- 26 (c) collect and disburse money received;
- 27 (d) as provided for in [section 23], adopt classifications

1 and charge premiums for the classifications so that the fund will

- 2 be neither more nor less than self-supporting. The
- 3 classifications and the initial premium rates for the
- 4 classifications must be adopted pursuant to Title 2, chapter 4,
- 5 parts 2 through 4. Subsequent to initially adopting the
- 6 classifications and premiums, the board may change the
- 7 classifications or premiums by using a method set forth in rules.
- 8 The contested case rights and provisions of Title 2, chapter 4,
- 9 do not apply to a health care provider's classification or
- premium rate. Except as provided in [sections 1 through 32], a
- 11 person may not, without first obtaining the written permission of
- 12 the health care provider, use, sell, or distribute the health
- care provider's specific loss information, including but not
- 14 limited to experience modification factors.
- 15 (e) hire personnel;
- 16 (f) declare dividends if there is an excess of assets over
- 17 liabilities. However, dividends may not be paid until adequate
- 18 actuarially determined reserves are set aside.
- 19 (q) contract with licensed resident insurance producers;
- 20 (h) expend funds for scholarship, educational, or
- 21 charitable purposes; and
- (i) perform all functions and exercise all powers of a
- 23 private insurance carrier that are necessary, appropriate, or
- 24 convenient for the administration of the fund.
- 25 (4) The fund shall include a provision in every policy of
- 26 insurance issued pursuant to [sections 1 through 32] that
- incorporates the restriction on the use and transfer of money

1 collected by the fund as provided for in [section 19].

- (5) Consistent with the provisions of Title 18, the commissioner shall adopt rules governing the procedures for creating and implementing a contract allowed under this section before entering into a contract. A contract executed under this section is subject to all nondiscrimination requirements applicable to public contracts under Title 18.
- (6) If a contract is awarded under this section, the contractor shall report at least annually to the commissioner and the board all contract-related expenses incurred, including arrangements regarding the subcontracting of services.
- (7) If the board approves, a contractor may hire legal counsel as needed to provide staff services for administration of the plan or fund.

- NEW SECTION. Section 23. Premiums for fund. Each health care provider shall pay to the fund an annual premium based on the following considerations:
- 19 (1) the past and prospective loss and expense experience in different types of practice;
- 21 (2) the past and prospective loss and expense experience of 22 the fund;
 - (3) the loss and expense experience of the individual health care provider that resulted in the payment of money, from the fund or other sources, for damages for medical negligence, except that an adjustment to a health care provider's premiums may not be made under this subsection prior to the receipt of the

1 recommendation of the council and the expiration of the time

- 2 period provided under [section 30(4)] for the health care
- 3 provider to comment, or prior to the expiration of the time
- 4 period under [section 30(1)];
- 5 (4) risk factors for a person who is semiretired or a part-
- 6 time professional;
- 7 (5) for a health care provider described in [section
- 4(1)(d), (1)(e), or (1)(f)], risk factors and past and
- 9 prospective loss and expense experience attributable to employees
- of that health care provider other than an employee licensed as a
- 11 physician or an advanced practice registered nurse; and
- 12 (6) other factors considered by the board to promote equity
- among the health care providers who pay premiums under this
- 14 section.

15

- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 24. Fund accounting and audit. (1)
- 17 The commissioner may expend money from the fund only after
- 18 approval by the board.
- 19 (2) All books, records, and audits of the fund, except
- 20 confidential claims information, are open to the public for
- 21 reasonable inspection.
- 22 (3) Every person authorized to receive deposits for,
- 23 withdraw money from, or otherwise disburse any money from the
- fund shall post a bond in an amount reasonably sufficient to
- 25 protect fund assets. The cost of the bond must be paid from the
- 26 fund.
- 27 (4) After the close of each fiscal year, the board shall

LC5000

1 furnish a financial report to the commissioner. The report must

- 2 be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting
- 3 principles and must include the present value of all claims
- 4 reserves, including reserves for claims incurred but not
- 5 reported, and all other information as required by the
- 6 commissioner. The board shall furnish an appropriate summary of
- 7 the report to all fund participants.
- 8 (5) The board shall also prepare and submit to the state
- 9 board of investments and the department of administration a
- 10 quarterly report projecting the future cash flow needs of the
- 11 fund.

12

- NEW SECTION. Section 25. Claims procedure. (1) A person
- 14 may file a claim for damages for medical negligence arising out
- of the rendering of medical care or services within this state
- 16 against a health care provider or an employee of a health care
- 17 provider. A person who files a claim may recover from the fund
- only if the health care provider or the employee of the health
- 19 care provider has coverage under the fund, the fund is named as a
- 20 party in the action, and the action against the fund is commenced
- 21 within the same time limitation within which the action against
- 22 the health care provider or employee of the health care provider
- 23 must be commenced.
- 24 (2) (a) A person may file an action for damages for medical
- 25 negligence arising out of the rendering of medical care or
- services outside this state against a health care provider or an
- 27 employee of a health care provider. A person filing an action

LC5000

under this subsection (2) may recover from the fund only if the 1

- 2 health care provider or the employee of the health care provider
- 3 has coverage under the fund, the fund is named as a party in the
- action, and the action against the fund is commenced within the 4
- 5 same time limitation within which the action against the health
- care provider or employee of the health care provider must be 6
- 7 commenced.
- If the law or rules of procedure of the jurisdiction in 8
- 9 which the action is brought do not permit naming the fund as a
- 10 party, the person filing the action may recover from the fund
- 11 only if:
- 12 the health care provider or the employee of the health (i)
- care provider has coverage under the fund; and 13
- 14 (ii) except as provided in subsection (2)(c), the person
- 15 filing the action notifies the commissioner, as the
- representative of the fund, of the action within 60 days of 16
- 17 service of process on the health care provider or the employee of
- the health care provider. 18
- (c) The board may extend the 60-day time limit if it finds 19
- 20 that enforcement of the time limit would be prejudicial to the
- purposes of the fund and would not benefit either the insured or 21
- 22 the claimant.
- 23 If, after reviewing the facts upon which the claim or
- 24 action is based, it appears reasonably probable that damages paid
- 25 will exceed \$500,000 or the maximum liability limit for which the
- 26 health care provider is insured, whichever is greater, the board
- 27 may:

LC5000

appear and actively defend itself whenever the board or the fund is named as a party in an action against a health care provider or an employee of a health care provider that has coverage under the fund;

> (b) retain counsel; or

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- pay out of the fund attorney fees and expenses, including court costs incurred and awarded in defending the insured, the plan, or the fund.
- If legal counsel is retained under subsection (3)(b), the attorney or law firm retained may not be retained or employed by the board to perform legal services for the board, other than those services directly connected with defending the insured, the plan, or the fund.
 - A judgment affecting the fund may be appealed as provided by law. The board is not required to file any undertaking in any judicial action, proceeding, or appeal.
- The insurer or a self-insurer providing, respectively, insurance or self-insurance for a health care provider who is also covered by the fund must provide an adequate defense of the fund on any claim filed that may potentially affect the fund with respect to the insurance contract or self-insurance contract. The insurer or self-insurer shall act in good faith and in a fiduciary relationship with respect to any claim affecting the fund. A settlement that exceeds an amount that could require payment from the fund may not be agreed to unless approved by the board.
 - (7) A health care provider with a cash or surety bond in

1 effect to insure the health care provider against medical

2 negligence shall:

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- 3 (a) provide an adequate defense of the fund on any medical 4 negligence claim filed that may affect the fund; and
- 5 (b) act in good faith and in a fiduciary relationship with 6 respect to any claim affecting the fund.
- 7 (8) A person who has recovered a final judgment or a
 8 settlement approved by the board against a health care provider
 9 or an employee of a health care provider that has coverage under
 10 the fund may file a claim with the board to recover the greater
 11 of:
- 12 (a) the portion of the judgment or settlement that is in excess of \$500,000; or
- 14 (b) the maximum liability limit for which the health care provider is insured.
 - (9) (a) If the fund incurs liability for future payments that exceed \$1 million to any person under a single claim as the result of a settlement or judgment that is entered into or rendered under [sections 1 through 32] for medical negligence that occurred on or after [the applicability date of this section], the board shall pay from the fund, after deducting the reasonable costs of collection attributable to the remaining liability, including attorney fees reduced to present value, all relevant medical expenses each year, plus an amount, not to exceed \$500,000 per year, that will pay the remaining liability over the person's anticipated lifetime or until the liability is paid in full.

(b) If the remaining liability is not paid in full before the person dies, the board may pay from the fund the remaining liability in a lump sum.

- (10) Payments must be made from money collected and paid into the fund under [section 23] and from earnings on the fund.
- (11) (a) Except as provided in [section 12] or subsection (9) (b), for a claim subject to a periodic payment made under this section, payments must be made until the claim has been paid in full. Periodic payments made under this section include direct or indirect payment or a commitment of money to or on behalf of any person under a single claim by any funding mechanism.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (11)(c), interest on a claim is not paid by the fund.
- (c) If there is an offer of settlement by a claimant under this section that is not accepted and the claimant recovers a judgment that is greater than or equal to the amount specified in the offer of settlement, the claimant is entitled to interest at the annual rate of 12% on the full amount recovered. Interest accrues from the date of the offer of settlement until the amount of the settlement, plus the accrued interest, is paid in full.
- (12)(a) Claims payable from the fund must be paid in the order received within 90 days after filing unless appealed by the board.
- (b) If the amount of money in the fund is insufficient to pay all of the payable claims, payable claims received after the amount in the fund is exhausted are payable immediately in the following year in the order in which the payable claims were

1 received.

- NEW SECTION. Section 26. Fund income -- reports -- reinsurance. (1) All income derived from investments of the fund's assets must be credited to the fund.
- (2) On or before December 31 of each year, the board shall submit a report on the financial and operational status of the fund to the legislature as provided in 5-11-210.
- (3) Subject to approval by the commissioner, the board may cede reinsurance to an insurer authorized to do business in this state or pursue other loss-funding management to preserve the solvency and integrity of the fund. The commissioner may prescribe controls over or other conditions on the use of reinsurance or other loss-funding management mechanisms.

NEW SECTION. Section 27. Actions against insurers, self-insurers, or providers. The board may bring an action against an insurer, self-insurer, or health care provider for failure to act in good faith or breach of fiduciary responsibility under [section 25(6) or (7)].

- NEW SECTION. Section 28. Injured patients and families compensation fund peer review council -- members -- meetings -- assessments -- compensation -- report. (1) There is an injured patients and families compensation fund peer review council.
- 26 (2)(a) The board shall appoint five individuals to serve as 27 the council.

As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

1 (b) No more than three of the appointees may be physicians 2 who are actively engaged in the practice of medicine in this 3 state.

- 4 (c) The board shall annually designate:
- 5 (i) the presiding officer of the council who:
- 6 (A) must be a physician; and

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- 7 (B) serves as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the board 8 of medical examiners; and
- 9 (ii) the vice presiding officer of the council and the 10 secretary of the council.
- 11 (3) A majority of the members of the council constitutes a 12 quorum for the purpose of conducting business.
 - (4) Council members serve staggered 3-year terms. A council member may not serve for more than two consecutive terms.
 - (5) The council shall meet at the call of the presiding officer of the council, the presiding officer of the board, or by an affirmative vote of at least three members of the council. The council shall meet in Helena or at an alternate location determined by the presiding officer who calls or the members who call the meeting.
 - (6) Assessments sufficient to cover the council's costs, including costs of administration, must be imposed and collected as provided in [section 29].
- 24 (7)(a) Members of the council must be paid at a rate 25 established by the board by rule. The rate established by the 26 board must be the same rate for all members.
- 27 (b) A person acting as a consultant to the council must be

1 paid at a rate established by the commissioner by rule.

- 2 (8)(a) Except as provided in subsection (8)(b), the council shall submit annually to the presiding officer of the board a report on the operation of the council.
 - (b) The board or the commissioner may at any time direct the council to submit a report on the operation of the council.

 A report directed under this subsection (8)(b) must be submitted within 60 days following the direction to submit the report.

9

6

7

8

NEW SECTION. Section 29. Assessments for peer review

- 11 **council.** (1) The fund and each private health care liability
- insurer, including health care liability self-insurers, shall pay
- 13 to the fund an annual assessment in support of the council. The
- 14 total amount of the assessments must be sufficient to cover the
- 15 costs of the council, including costs of administration, for
- 16 reviewing claims paid by the fund, plan, and insurer,
- 17 respectively, under [section 30].
- 18 (2) The commissioner, after approval by the board, shall
- set by rule the amount of the assessments imposed under
- 20 subsection (1).
- 21 (3)(a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), the
- 22 assessments must be paid quarterly as established by the
- 23 commissioner.
- 24 (b) An assessment for a period of time less than 1 calendar
- or fiscal quarter must be prorated by the commissioner.
- 26 (4) This section does not impose liability on the board for
- 27 payment of any part of a fund deficit.

of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

LC5000

(5) Except as provided in subsection (6), the rules may not provide for more than four assessment classifications for physicians and each classification may only be based on:

(a) the amount of surgery performed; and

- (b) the risk of diagnostic and therapeutic services provided or procedures performed.
- (6) In addition to the assessment classifications, the commissioner, after approval by the board, may establish by rule a separate assessment classification for physicians satisfying [section 4(1)(b)] and a separate assessment for advanced practice registered nurses satisfying [section 4(1)(b)] that take into account the loss experience of health care providers for whom an adjacent state is a principal place of practice.
- (7) (a) Except as provided in subsection (7) (b), every assessment established by rule pursuant to this section must provide for an automatic increase in a health care provider's assessment if the loss and expense experience of the fund and other sources with respect to the health care provider or an employee of the health care provider exceeds a threshold number of claims paid or a threshold dollar volume of claims paid as either threshold is established in the rules. The rules must also specify applicable amounts of increase corresponding to the number of claims paid and the dollar volume of awards in excess of the respective thresholds for the number of claims paid or the dollar volume of claims paid.
- (b) The rules must provide that the automatic increase does not apply if the board determines that the performance of the

1 council in making recommendations under [section 30] adequately

2 addresses the consideration set forth in subsection (6).

6

7

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- 3 (8) The rules setting assessments for a particular fiscal 4 year must ensure that the total amount of assessments does not 5 exceed the greatest of the following:
 - (a) the estimated total dollar amount of claims to be paid during the particular fiscal year;
- 8 (b) the total amount assessed on all health care providers
 9 for the fiscal year preceding the particular fiscal year,
 10 adjusted by the commissioner to reflect changes in the consumer
 11 price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the
 12 medical care group, as determined by the U.S. department of
 13 labor, and changes in the number of health care providers covered
 14 by the plan; or
 - (c) 200% of the total dollar amount disbursed for claims during the calendar year preceding the particular fiscal year.
 - (9) Assessments imposed under subsections (1) and (2) and future medical expense payments payable by the fund under [section 12] must be collected by the commissioner for deposit into the fund in a manner prescribed by the commissioner by rule.
 - (10)(a) If the rules establishing assessments under subsection (2) do not take effect prior to July 2 of any fiscal year, the commissioner may collect assessments at the rates established for the previous fiscal year.
 - (b) Subject to subsection (10)(c), if the commissioner collects assessments pursuant to subsection (10)(a) and the rules promulgated under subsection (2) become effective after July 1,

1 the assessments must be adjusted to reflect the assessments established pursuant to subsection (2). 2

3 The commissioner may choose to refund, adjust for, or not collect minimal amounts, as established by rule. 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- NEW SECTION. Section 30. Claims review by council -recommendations. (1) For damages arising out of medical negligence for the rendering of medical care by a health care provider or an employee of the health care provider, the council shall review, within 1 year of the date of first payment from the fund of the damages, each claim that is paid by:
- 12 the fund; (a)
- the mandatory plan established under [section 3]; 13 (b)
- 14 a private health care liability insurer; or (C)
- 15 (d) a self-insurer.
- The council shall make recommendations to all of the 16 (2) 17 following:
 - the commissioner and the board regarding any adjustments to be made, under [section 29(6)], to the assessment against the health care provider, based on the paid claim;
 - (b) the commissioner and the board regarding any adjustments to be made, under [section 23(3)], to premiums assessed against a physician under the mandatory plan established under [section 3], based on the paid claim; and
 - a private health care liability insurer, if requested by the private insurer, regarding adjustments to premiums assessed against a physician covered by private insurance, based

- 1 on the paid claim.
- 2 (3) In developing recommendations under subsection (2), the
- 3 council may consult with any person and shall consult with the
- 4 following:
- 5 (a) if a claim was paid for damages arising out of the
- rendering of care by a physician, with at least one physician 6
- 7 from the area of medical specialty of the physician who rendered
- the care and with at least one physician from the area of medical 8
- 9 specialty of the medical procedure involved, if the specialty
- 10 area of the procedure is different from the specialty area of the
- 11 physician who rendered the care; or
- 12 if a claim was paid for damages arising out of the
- rendering of care by an advanced practice registered nurse, with 13
- 14 at least one advanced practice registered nurse.
- 15 (4)The council shall notify, in writing, the affected
- health care provider of the council's recommendations to the 16
- 17 commissioner, the board, or a private insurer made under
- subsection (2). The notice must inform the health care provider 18
- that the health care provider may submit written comments on the 19
- 20 council's recommendations to the commissioner, the board, or the
- private insurer within a reasonable period of time as specified 21
- 22 in the notice.
- 23 A person consulting with the council under subsection
- 24 (3) must be paid at a rate established by the commissioner by
- 25 rule.

26

NEW SECTION. Section 31. Review of patient records. 27

The council may obtain any information relating to any claim it reviews under [sections 28 through 32] that is in the possession of the commissioner or the board.

(2) The council shall keep patient health care information confidential and the records are exempt from the provisions of Title 2, chapter 6.

7

8

9

10

11

4

5

6

NEW SECTION. Section 32. Council immunity. Members of the council and any person consulting with the council under [section 30(3)] are immune from civil liability for acts or omissions while performing their duties under [sections 28 through 32].

12

13

22

23

24

25

- Section 33. Section 2-15-1731, MCA, is amended to read:
- "2-15-1731. Board of medical examiners. (1) There is a

 Montana state board of medical examiners.
- 16 (2) $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ The board consists of:
- 17 <u>(i)</u> 11 members appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate; and
- 19 <u>(ii) the presiding officer of the injured patients and</u>
 20 <u>families compensation fund peer review council established in</u>
 21 <u>[section 28] who serves as a nonvoting member.</u>
 - (b) Appointments made by the governor when the legislature is not in session may be confirmed at the next session of the legislature under the rules of the senate then in effect.
 - (3) The members appointed by the governor are:
- 26 (a) five members having the degree of doctor of medicine;
- 27 (b) one member having the degree of doctor of osteopathy;

Unofficial Draft Copy

As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

LC5000

1 (c) one member who is a licensed podiatrist;

- 2 (d) one member who is a licensed nutritionist;
- 3 (e) one member who is a licensed physician
- 4 assistant-certified; and
- 5 (f) two members of the general public who are not medical practitioners.
- 7 (4) The No two members listed in subsection (3)(a) having
 8 the degree of doctor of medicine may not be from the same county.
 9 Each member appointed by the governor must be a citizen of the
 10 United States. Each member appointed by the governor, except for
 11 public members, must have been licensed and must have practiced
 12 medicine or dietetics-nutrition in this state for at least 5
 13 years and must have been a resident of this state for at least 5
- 15 (5) Members appointed by the governor shall serve staggered 16 4-year terms. A term commences on September 1 of each year of 17 appointment. A member appointed by the governor may, upon notice 18 and hearing, be removed by the governor for neglect of duty, 19 incompetence, or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct.
 - (6) The board is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121."

25

20

21

14

years.

- Section 34. Section 17-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:
- 27 "17-6-201. Unified investment program -- general
- 28 **provisions.** (1) The unified investment program directed by

1 Article VIII, section 13, of the Montana constitution to be

- 2 provided for public funds must be administered by the board of
- 3 investments in accordance with the prudent expert principle,
- 4 which requires an investment manager to:

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- (a) discharge the duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances then prevailing, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character with like aims;
- (b) diversify the holdings of each fund within the unified investment program to minimize the risk of loss and to maximize the rate of return unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do so; and
- (c) discharge the duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds forming the unified investment program.
- 16 (2) (a) Retirement funds may be invested in common stocks
 17 of any corporation.
 - (b) Other public funds may not be invested in private corporate capital stock. "Private corporate capital stock" means only the common stock of a corporation.
 - (3) (a) This section does not prevent investment in any business activity in Montana, including activities that continue existing jobs or create new jobs in Montana.
 - (b) The board is urged under the prudent expert principle to invest up to 3% of retirement funds in venture capital companies. Whenever possible, preference should be given to investments in those venture capital companies that demonstrate

1 an interest in making investments in Montana.

- 2 (c) In discharging its duties, the board shall consider the 3 preservation of purchasing power of capital during periods of 4 high monetary inflation.
- 5 (d) The board may not make a direct loan to an individual
 6 borrower. The purchase of a loan or a portion of a loan
 7 originated by a financial institution is not considered a direct
 8 loan.
- 9 (4) The board has the primary authority to invest state
 10 funds. Another agency may not invest state funds unless otherwise
 11 provided by law. The board shall direct the investment of state
 12 funds in accordance with the laws and constitution of this state.
 13 The board has the power to veto investments made under its
 14 general supervision.
- 15 (5) The board shall:
- 16 (a) assist agencies with public money to determine if, 17 when, and how much surplus cash is available for investment;
- 18 (b) determine the amount of surplus treasury cash to be 19 invested;
- 20 (c) determine the type of investment to be made;
- 21 (d) prepare the claim to pay for the investment; and
- 22 (e) keep an account of the total of each investment fund 23 and of all the investments belonging to the fund and a record of 24 the participation of each treasury fund account in each 25 investment fund; and
- 26 <u>(f) invest the money held in the injured patients and</u>
 27 families compensation fund in investments with maturities and

Unofficial Draft Copy As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

LC5000

- 1 liquidity that are appropriate and necessary to meet the needs of
- the fund, including cash flow needs, as reported under [section] 2
- 3 241.
- (6) 4 The board may:
- 5 execute deeds of conveyance transferring real property obtained through investments. Prior to the transfer of real 6 7 property directly purchased and held as an investment, the board
- shall obtain an appraisal by a qualified appraiser. 8
- 9 direct the withdrawal of funds deposited by or for the 10 state treasurer pursuant to 17-6-101 and 17-6-105;
- 11 direct the sale of securities in the program at their 12 full and true value when found necessary to raise money for payments due from the treasury funds for which the securities 13
- 14 have been purchased.
- The cost of administering and accounting for each 15 investment fund must be deducted from the income from each fund." 16

```
17
       {Internal References to 17-6-201:
```

18	10-2-703	17-6-305	17-6-308	17-6-308
19	77-1-101	77-1-701	77-1-905	80-6-315
2.0	80-7-816	80-8-116	80-10-207	$80-15-302$ ok ddb $6/8$ }

21

- 22 **Section 35.** Section 17-6-203, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "17-6-203. Separate investment funds. Separate investment 24 funds must be maintained as follows:
- 25 (1) the permanent funds, including all public school funds and funds of the Montana university system and other state 26 27 institutions of learning referred to in Article X, sections 2 and 28 10, of the Montana constitution. The principal and any part of

1 the principal of each fund constituting the Montana permanent

- 2 fund type are subject to deposit at any time when due under the
- 3 statutory provisions applicable to the fund and according to the
- 4 provisions of the gift, donation, grant, legacy, bequest, or
- 5 devise through or from which the particular fund arises.
- 6 (2) a separate investment fund, which may not be held
- 7 jointly with other funds, for money pertaining to each retirement
- 8 or insurance system maintained by the state, including:
- 9 (a) the highway patrol officers' retirement system
- 10 described in Title 19, chapter 6;
- 11 (b) the public employees' retirement system described in
- 12 Title 19, chapter 3;
- 13 (c) the game wardens' and peace officers' retirement system
- described in Title 19, chapter 8;
- 15 (d) the teachers' retirement system described in Title 19,
- 16 chapter 20; and
- 17 (e) the workers' compensation program described in Title
- 18 39, chapter 71, part 23; <u>and</u>
- 19 <u>(f) the injured patients and families compensation fund</u>
- 20 <u>established in [section 19];</u>
- 21 (3) a pooled investment fund, including all other accounts
- 22 within the treasury fund structure established by 17-2-102;
- 23 (4) the fish and wildlife mitigation trust fund established
- 24 by 87-1-611;
- 25 (5) a fund consisting of gifts, donations, grants,
- legacies, bequests, devises, and other contributions made or
- given for a specific purpose or under conditions expressed in the

As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

1 gift, donation, grant, legacy, bequest, devise, or contribution

- 2 to be observed by the state of Montana. If a gift, donation,
- 3 grant, legacy, bequest, devise, or contribution permits
- 4 investment and is not otherwise restricted by its terms, it may
- 5 be treated jointly with other gifts, donations, grants, legacies,
- 6 beguests, devises, or contributions.
- 7 (6) a fund consisting of coal severance taxes allocated to
- 8 the coal severance tax trust fund under Article IX, section 5, of
- 9 the Montana constitution. The principal of the coal severance tax
- 10 trust fund is permanent. If the legislature appropriates any part
- of the principal of the coal severance tax trust fund by a vote
- of three-fourths of the members of each house, the appropriation
- or investment may create a gain or loss in the principal.
- 14 (7) a Montana tobacco settlement trust fund established in
- 15 accordance with Article XII, section 4, of the Montana
- 16 constitution and Title 17, chapter 6, part 6; and
- 17 (8) additional investment funds that are expressly required
- 18 by law or that the board of investments determines are necessary
- 19 to fulfill fiduciary responsibilities of the state with respect
- 20 to funds from a particular source."
- 21 {Internal References to 17-6-203:
- 22 15-1-402 15-35-108 15-35-108 15-35-108
- 23 17-6-202 17-6-202 17-6-305 17-6-331
- 24 20-9-466 ok ddb 6/8}

25

- Section 36. Section 25-9-402, MCA, is amended to read:
- "25-9-402. Findings by trier of fact -- civil actions. $\pm \pi$
- 28 Except as provided in [section 12], in any action for personal

Unofficial Draft Copy As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

LC5000

injury, property damage, or wrongful death where liability is

- found after trial and in which \$100,000 or more in future damages 2
- 3 is awarded to the claimant, the trier of fact shall make a
- separate finding as to the amount of any future damages so 4
- 5 awarded and state whether the amount of future damages has been
- reduced to present value." 6
- 7 {Internal References to 25-9-402: None. ok ddb 9/10}

8

1

- Section 25-9-403, MCA, is amended to read: 9 Section 37.
- 10 "25-9-403. Request for periodic payment of future damages
- 11 -- nonmalpractice claims. (1) Except as provided in 25-9-412 and
- 12 [section 12], a party to an action for personal injury, property
- damage, or wrongful death in which \$100,000 or more of future 13
- 14 damages is awarded may, prior to the entry of judgment, request
- 15 the court to enter a judgment ordering future damages to be paid
- 16 in whole or in part by periodic payments rather than by a
- 17 lump-sum payment. Upon a request, the court may enter an order
- for periodic payment of future damages if the court finds that 18
- periodic payment is in the best interests of the claimant. The 19
- 20 total dollar amount of the ordered periodic payments must equal
- 21 the total dollar amount of the future damages without a reduction
- 22 to present value.
- 23 A court ordering the payment of future damages by
- 24 periodic payments shall make specific findings as to the dollar
- 25 amount of periodic payments needed to compensate the judgment
- 26 creditor for future damages and as to whether an order for
- 27 periodic payment of future damages is in the best interests of

1 the claimant.

- (3) The judgment order must specify the recipient or recipients of periodic payments, the dollar amount of the payments, the interval between payments, and the number of payments or the period of time over which payments must be made.
- shall order that the payments be made, during the life of the judgment creditor or during the continuance of the compensable injury or disability of the judgment creditor, through the purchase of an inflation-indexed annuity approved by the court. The annuity must be in the form of an inflation-indexed annuity contract purchased from a qualified insurer that, in the most recent edition of A.M. Best, has an "A" (excellent) or higher rating and is in a class 7 or higher classification. The annuity also serves as any required supersedeas bond. Upon purchase of a court-approved annuity, the court may order that the judgment is satisfied and that the judgment debtor is discharged. If the judgment creditor dies before all periodic payments have been made, the remaining payments become the property of the creditor's estate."

21 {Internal References to 25-9-403: None. ok ddb 6/10}

Section 38. Section 25-9-412, MCA, is amended to read:

"25-9-412. Periodic payment of future damages in medical malpractice cases. (1) (a) A With respect to an act of malpractice that occurred prior to [the effective date of this section], a party to an action for a malpractice claim, as defined in

- 25-9-411, in which \$50,000 or more of future damages is awarded 1
- 2 may, prior to the entry of judgment, request the court to enter a
- 3 judgment ordering future damages to be paid in whole or in part
- by periodic payments rather than by a lump-sum payment. Upon a 4
- 5 request, the court shall enter an order for periodic payment of
- 6 future damages. The total dollar amount of the ordered periodic
- 7 payments must equal the total dollar amount of the future damages
- without a reduction to present value. 8
- 9 (b) With respect to an act of malpractice that occurred on
- 10 or after [the effective date of this section], the provisions of
- 11 [section 12] apply.
- 12 A court ordering the payment of future damages by (2)
- periodic payments shall make specific findings as to the dollar 13
- 14 amount of periodic payments needed to compensate the judgment
- 15 creditor for future damages.
- The judgment order must specify the recipient or 16
- 17 recipients of periodic payments, the dollar amount of the
- payments, the interval between payments, and the number of 18
- payments or the period of time over which payments must be made. 19
- 20 The court shall order that periodic payment of future
- 21 damages be made, during the life of the judgment creditor or
- 22 during the continuance of the compensable injury or disability of
- 23 the judgment creditor, through the purchase of an
- 24 inflation-indexed annuity approved by the court. The annuity must
- 25 be in the form of an inflation-indexed annuity contract purchased
- from a qualified insurer that, in the most recent edition of A.M. 26
- 27 Best, has an "A" (excellent) or higher rating and is in a class 7

1	or higher classification. The annuity also serves as any required
2	supersedeas bond. Upon purchase of a court-approved annuity, the
3	court shall order that the judgment is satisfied and that the
4	judgment debtor is discharged. If the judgment creditor dies
5	before all periodic payments have been made, the remaining
6	payments become the property of the creditor's estate."
7 8	{Internal References to 25-9-412: 25-9-403 ok ddb 6/10}
9	
10	Section 39. Section 27-6-103, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"27-6-103. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the
12	following definitions apply:
13	(1) "Advance practice registered nurse" has the meaning
14	<pre>provided in [section 2] and includes:</pre>
15	(a) an advance practice registered nurse who has liability
16	coverage under the Montana health care liability insurance plan
17	established pursuant to [section 3]; and
18	(b) a person who at the time of the occurrence of the
19	incident giving rise to the claim:
20	(i) was an individual who had as the principal residence or
21	place of practice the state of Montana and was not employed
22	full-time by any federal governmental agency or entity; or
23	(ii) was a professional service corporation, partnership, or
24	other business entity organized under the laws of any state to
25	render services of advance practice registered nurses and whose
26	shareholders, partners, or owners were individual advance
27	practice registered nurses licensed to practice under the

1 provisions of Title 37, chapter 8.

2 $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ "Dentist" means:

19

20

21

22

23

- 3 (a) for purposes of the assessment of the annual surcharge, 4 an individual licensed to practice dentistry under the provisions
- of Title 37, chapter 4, who at the time of the assessment:
- 6 (i) has as the individual's principal residence or place of dental practice the state of Montana;
- 8 (ii) is not employed full-time by any federal governmental 9 agency or entity; and
- 10 (iii) is not fully retired from the practice of dentistry;
 11 or
- 12 (b) for all other purposes, a person licensed to practice 13 dentistry under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 4, who at the 14 time of the occurrence of the incident giving rise to the claim:
- (i) was an individual who had as the principal residence or place of dental practice the state of Montana and was not employed full-time by any federal governmental agency or entity;

 or
 - (ii) was a professional service corporation, partnership, or other business entity organized under the laws of any state to render dental services and whose shareholders, partners, or owners were individual dentists licensed to practice dentistry under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 4.
- (2) (3) (a) "Health care facility" means a facility, other
 than a governmental infirmary but including a university or
 college infirmary, licensed as a health care facility under Title
 50, chapter 5.

	LC5000
1	(b) For the purposes of this chapter, a health care
2	facility does not include an end-stage renal dialysis facility, a
3	home infusion therapy agency, or a residential care facility $\underline{\text{if}}$
4	the alleged malpractice occurred prior to [the effective date of
5	this section].
6	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ "Health care provider" means a physician, a dentist,
7	a podiatrist, an advance practice registered nurse, or a health
8	care facility.
9	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ "Hospital" means a hospital as defined in 50-5-101.
10	(5)(6) "Malpractice claim" means a claim or potential claim
11	of a claimant against a health care provider for medical or
12	dental treatment, lack of medical or dental treatment, or other
13	alleged departure from accepted standards of health care that
14	proximately results in damage to the claimant, whether the
15	claimant's claim or potential claim sounds in tort or contract,
16	and includes but is not limited to $\underline{:}$
17	(a) allegations of battery or wrongful death; and
18	(b) medical negligence, as defined in [section 2].
19	$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ "Panel" means the Montana medical legal panel
20	provided for in 27-6-104.

- 22 (a) for purposes of the assessment of the annual surcharge, 23 an individual licensed to practice medicine under the provisions 24 of Title 37, chapter 3, who at the time of the assessment:
- 25 (i) (A) has as the individual's principal residence or place 26 of medical practice the state of Montana;
- 27 (ii) (B) is not employed full-time by any federal

1 governmental agency or entity; and (iii)(C) is not fully retired from the practice of medicine; 2 3 or (ii) is a physician, as defined in [section 2], who has 4 5 liability coverage under the Montana health care liability insurance plan established pursuant to [section 3]; or 6 7 for all other purposes, a person licensed to practice (b) medicine under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 3, who at the 8 9 time of the occurrence of the incident giving rise to the claim: 10 was an individual who had as the principal residence or 11 place of medical practice the state of Montana and was not employed full-time by any federal governmental agency or entity; 12 13 or (ii) was a professional service corporation, partnership, or 14 15 other business entity organized under the laws of any state to render medical services and whose shareholders, partners, or 16 17 owners were individual physicians licensed to practice medicine under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 3. 18 (8) (9) "Podiatrist" means: 19 20 for purposes of the assessment of the annual surcharge, 21 an individual licensed to practice podiatry under the provisions 22 of Title 37, chapter 6, who at the time of the assessment: 23 (i) (A) has as the individual's principal residence or place 24 of podiatric practice the state of Montana; (ii) (B) is not employed full-time by any federal 25

governmental agency or entity; and

26

27

51 LC 5000

(iii)(C) is not fully retired from the practice of podiatry;

	LC5000
1	or
2	(ii) has liability coverage under the Montana health care
3	liability insurance plan established pursuant to [section 3]; or
4	(b) for all other purposes, a person licensed to practice
5	podiatry under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 6, who at the
6	time of the occurrence of the incident giving rise to the claim:
7	(i) was an individual who had as the principal residence of
8	place of podiatric practice the state of Montana and was not
9	employed full-time by any federal governmental agency or entity;
10	or
11	(ii) was a professional service corporation, partnership, or
12	other business entity organized under the laws of any state to
13	render podiatric services and whose shareholders, partners, or
14	owners were individual podiatrists licensed to practice podiatry
15	under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 6."
16	{Internal References to 27-6-103: None. ok ddb 6/8}
17	
18	Section 40. Section 27-6-105, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"27-6-105. What claims panel to review. The panel shall
20	review all malpractice claims or potential claims $\underline{:}$
21	(1) filed after April 19, 1977, and before [the effective
22	date of this section] against health care providers covered by
23	this chapter except those claims subject to a valid arbitration
24	agreement allowed by law or upon which suit has been filed prior

to April 19, 1977 a physician, as defined in 37-3-102, a dentist

licensed to practice dentistry under the provisions of Title 37,

chapter 4, a podiatrist licensed to practice podiatry under the

25

26

27

1 provisions of Title 37, chapter 6, or a health care facility,

- 2 provided those claims were not subject to a valid arbitration
- 3 <u>agreement allowed by law; and</u>
- 4 (2) filed on or after [the effective date of this section]
- 5 <u>against a health care provider, as defined in [section 2]."</u>
- 6 {Internal References to 27-6-105: None. ok ddb 6/9}

7

- 8 **Section 41**. Section 27-6-606, MCA, is amended to read:
- 9 "27-6-606. Decision not binding -- settlement agreements --
- nonbinding mediation. (1) The panel's decision is without
- administrative or judicial authority and is not binding upon any
- 12 party.
- 13 (2) The panel may recommend an award, approve settlement
- 14 agreements, and discuss the settlement agreements, all in a
- manner consistent with this part. All approved settlement
- 16 agreements are binding on the parties.
- 17 (3) If the panel decides both questions required by
- 18 27-6-602 in the affirmative <u>and a complaint is filed in district</u>
- 19 court, the court in which the complaint is filed shall, at the
- 20 request of a party, require the parties to participate in
- 21 court-supervised, nonbinding mediation prior to proceeding."
- 22 {Internal References to 27-6-606:
- 23 27-6-604 ok ddb 6/9}

24

- Section 42. Section 33-1-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- 26 "33-1-311. General powers and duties. (1) The commissioner
- 27 shall enforce the applicable provisions of the laws of this state

Unofficial Draft Copy As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

LC5000

1 and shall execute the duties imposed on the commissioner by the laws of this state. 2

- 3 The commissioner has the powers and authority expressly conferred upon the commissioner by or reasonably implied from the 4 5 provisions of the laws of this state.
 - The commissioner shall administer the department to ensure that the interests of insurance consumers are protected.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- The commissioner may conduct examinations and investigations of insurance matters, in addition to examinations and investigations expressly authorized, as the commissioner considers proper, to determine whether any person has violated any provision of the laws of this state or to secure information useful in the lawful administration of any provision. The cost of additional examinations and investigations must be borne by the state.
- (5)The commissioner shall maintain as confidential any 16 17 information or document received from:
 - the national association of insurance commissioners; or
 - an insurance department from another state or federal agency that treats the same information or document as confidential. The commissioner may provide information or documents, including information or documents that are confidential, to the national association of insurance commissioners, a state or federal law enforcement agency, a federal agency, or an insurance department in another state, if the recipient agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the information or documents.

Unofficial Draft Copy As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

s of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

1	(6) The commissioner shall establish a plan of health care			
2	liability coverage for health care providers as required under			
3	[section 3].			
4	$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ The department is a criminal justice agency as			
5	defined in 44-5-103."			
6 7	{Internal References to 33-1-311: 33-17-1204 ok ddb 6/9}			
8				
9	NEW SECTION. Section 43. Two-thirds vote required			
10	contingent voidness. Because [section 32] limits governmental			
11	liability, Article II, section 18, of the Montana constitution			
12	requires a vote of two-thirds of the members of each house of the			
13	legislature for [section 32] to become effective. If [this act]			
14	is not approved by at least two-thirds of the members of each			
15	house of the legislature, then [section 32] is void.			
16				
17	NEW SECTION. Section 44. {standard} Saving clause. [This			
18	act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties			
19	that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the			
20	effective date of this act].			
21				
22	NEW SECTION. Section 45. {standard} Effective dates. (1)			
23	Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is effective			
24	July 1, 2005.			
25	(2) [Sections 36 through 41] are effective January 1, 2006.			
26				
27	NEW SECTION Section 46 Applicability Sections 4			

1 through 9, 11 through 13, 16, 17, 25, 27, and 47(6) apply January

2 1, 2006.

3

- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 47. Transition.** (1) Under [section
- 5 15], an insurer may not enter into or issue any health care
- 6 liability insurance policy until the insurer's policy form has
- 7 been submitted to and approved by the commissioner as provided in
- 8 Title 33, chapter 1, part 5. However, a health care liability
- 9 insurance policy legally issued or entered into prior to January
- 10 1, 2006, is valid unless voided by the insurance commissioner and
- is, after December 31, 2005, subject to the provisions of [this
- 12 act]. Every health care liability insurance policy in effect on
- January 1, 2006, is subject to the to the provisions of [this
- 14 act].
- 15 (2) [Section 21] requires the appointment of members to the
- 16 health care liability insurance plan board of governors. All the
- appointments must be made by August 1, 2005. Upon expiration of
- 18 the initial term of appointment under this subsection (2), all
- 19 subsequent terms of appointment are for 3 years. For the purposes
- 20 of transition:
- 21 (a) the person appointed by the state bar of Montana shall
- 22 serve until January 1, 2007;
- 23 (b) the person appointed by the Montana trial lawyers
- 24 association shall serve until January 1, 2008;
- (c) one person appointed by the Montana medical association
- shall serve until January 1, 2007, and the second person
- 27 appointed by the Montana medical association shall serve until

1 January 1, 2008;

- (d) one person appointed by the Montana hospital association shall serve until January 1, 2008, and the second person appointed by the Montana hospital association shall serve until January 1, 2009; and
 - (e) the governor shall make two of the required appointments for terms that expire on January 1, 2007, one of the appointments to expire on January 1, 2008, and one of the appointments to expire on January 1, 2009.
 - (3) [Section 23] requires each health care provider to pay to the fund an annual premium for the purposes of the Health Care Liability and Injured Patients Compensation Act. The insurance commissioner and the board of governors of the health care liability insurance plan shall as soon as practicable but no later than December 31, 2005, establish and collect the premiums necessary to establish and administer the injured patients and families compensation fund. The premiums established pursuant to [section 23] and this section are effective upon approval by the board of governors and are effective until new premiums are set as provided in [section 23].
 - (4) [Section 28] requires the board of governors of the health care liability insurance plan to appoint five individuals as the injured patients and families compensation fund peer review council. For the initial appointments, the board shall appoint one individual to serve until January 1, 2007, two individuals to serve until January 1, 2008, and two individuals to serve until January 1, 2009.

Unofficial Draft Copy As of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am)

of: November 30, 2004 (8:28am) LC5000

1	(5) [Section 33] revises the composition of the board of
2	medical examiners to include the presiding officer of the injured
3	patients and families compensation fund peer review council
4	provided for in [section 28]. All legal actions of the board of
5	medical examiners are effective regardless of whether or not the
6	presiding officer of the council has been appointed under
7	[section 28] and, by the appointment, is a member of the board of
8	medical examiners under [section 28].
9	(6) Beginning [the applicability date of this section],
10	every patient, every patient's representative, and every health
11	care provider is subject to and bound by [sections 1 through 32].
12	- END -