

Administration

- **S10-10. Officers of the Sen ate.** The officers of the Sen ate are the officers listed and elected in ac cor dance with Ti tle 5, chap ter 2, part 2, MCA.
- **S10-20. Term of of fice.** The term of of fice for the of fi cers and em ploy ees of the Sen ate es tab lished by law is un til the succeeding Leg is la ture is or ga nized. This rule may not be construed to mean the staff will be full-time em ploy ees during an interim.
- **S10-30. Pres i dent pro tem pore and other offi cers.** (1) The Sen ate shall, at the be gin ning of each reg u lar ses sion, and at other times as may be necessary, elect a Senator Pres i dent pro tempore.
- (2) The Sen ate shall choose its other offi cers and is the judge of the elections, returns, and qual if ications of the Sen a tors.
- **S10-40. Voting by presiding officer.** Any Sen a tor, when acting as presiding officer of the Senate, shall vote as any other Senator.
- **S10-50. Pre sid ing offi cer and du ties.** (1) The pre sid ing offi cer of the Sen ate is the Presi dent of the Sen ate, who must be cho sen in ac cor dance with law.
- (2) The Pres i dent shall take the chair on every leg is la tive day at the hour to which the Sen ate adjourned at the last sitting.
- (3) The President may name a Senator to perform the duties of the chair when the President protem pore is not present in the Senate chamber. The Senator who is named is vested during that time with all the powers of the President.
- (4) The Presi dent has general control over the as signment of rooms for the Senate and shall preserve or der and decorum. The Presi dent may or der the galleries and lob bies cleared in case of disturbance or disorderly conduct.
- (5) The Pres i dent shall is sue cards to the me dia to al low floor access, and re port ers hold ing the cards are sub ject to place ment on the floor by the Pres i dent. The Pres i dent may ad min is ter this rule through the of fice of the Sec re tary of the Senate.
- (6) The President shall signall necessary certifications of the Senate, including enrolled bills and resolutions, journals, subpoenas, and pay rolls. The President's signature must be at tested by the Secretary of the Senate.

- (7) The President shall approve the calendar for each legislativeday.
- (8) The President is the chief admin is trative of ficer of the Senate, with authority for the general supervision of all Senate employ ees. The President may seek the advice and counsel of the Legislative Administration Committee.
- (9) The President of the Senate is the authorized approving authority of the Senate during the term of election to that office
- (10) The President shall refer bills to committee upon in troduction or reception in the office of the Secretary of the Senate.
- **S10-60. Succession.** (1) In case of the absence or disqualification of the President, the President protempore of the Sen ate shall per form the duties of the President until the vacancy is filled or the disability removed.
- (2) When ever the Pres i dent pro tem pore of the Sen ate is of the op po site po lit i cal party from that of the Pres i dent, the following procedure applies:
- (a) If the President dies while in office, the members of the President's political party have the right to immediately nominate and elect an acting President of the same party.
- (b) If the Presi dent is absent for 2 or more leg is la tive days or at any time after the 85th leg is la tive day or at any time during spe cial ses sion of the Leg is la ture but able and de sir ous of ap point ing an act ing Presi dent to act when the Presi dent is absent, the President may do so, or the members of the President's political party have the right to immediately nom i nate and elect an acting President of the same party.
- (c) An acting President of the Sen ate has the powers of the President and supersedes the powers of the President pro tempore.
- **S10-70. President-elect.** The President-elect nominated by the appropriate party caucus held in accordance with section 5-2-201, MCA, has the responsibility and authority to as sume the duties of President of the Senate.
- **S10-80.** Legislative Administration Committee duties. (1) The Legislative Administration Committee shall consider matters relating to legislative administration, staffing patterns, budgets, equipment, operations, and expenditures.

- (2) The com mit tee has au thor ity to act in the in terim to prepare for future leg is lative sessions.
- (3) The com mit tee shall ap prove con tracts for pur chase or lease of equip ment and sup plies for the Sen ate, subject to the ap proval of the President.
- (4) The committee shall consider disputes or complaints involving the competency or decorum of legislative employees referred to it by the President and recommend dismissal, suspension, or retention of employees.
- (5) The chair of the Leg is lative Admin is tration Committee may, upon ap proval of the Pres i dent, have pur chase or ders and req ui si tions pre pared and for warded to the ac count ing of fice in the Leg is lative Services Division.
- **S10-90. Senate employees.** (1) In addition to the employees appointed by the President in accordance with section 5-2-221, MCA, the Senate shall employ staff recommended by the leadership and the Legislative Administration Committee as necessary to perform the functions of the Senate.
- (2) A standing committee chair shall designate a secretary to take and transcribe minutes of committee meetings. A committee secretary is immediately responsible to the chair, but shall work under the over all direction of the Secretary of the Sen ate, subject to authority of the committee chair.
- (3) (a) The Pres i dent and floor lead ers may each ap point a privatesecretary.
- (b) The whips may each ap point a pri vate sec re tary whose du ties will in clude as sist ing other staff on an as signed ba sis when au tho rized by the sec re tary's re spec tive whip.
- **S10-100. Secretary of the Senate and duties.** The Secretary of the Senate works under the direction of the President. Theresponsibilities of the Secretary of the Senate include:
- performing the duties prescribed by law or other provisions of these rules;
 - (2) serving as par liamentary advisor to the Senate;
- (3) compiling and main taining the calen dar for ap proval by the President;
- (4) keep ing the lead er ship in formed on the prog ress and work load of the Sen ate;

- (5) trans mit ting bills with ap pro pri ate mes sages to the House of Representatives as instructed by action of the Senate:
 - (6) keeping and main taining records of the Senate; and
- (7) supervision of the Senate employees, except as otherwise provided.
- **S10-110. Ser geant-at-Arms du ties.** Un der the di rec tion of the Pres i dent, the Ser geant-at-Arms shall:
- (1) main tain or der as di rected by the Pres i dent or chair of the Com mit tee of the Whole;
 - (2) en force the lob by ing rules of the Sen ate;
- (3) supervise the employees assigned to the Sergeant's office;
- (4) receive, distribute, and main tain supplies, equipment, and other inventory of the Senate, along with records of pur chase and disposal in accordance with law;
- (5) perform duties as required by other rules and the Senate.
- **S10-120. Leg is la tive aides.** Each Sen a tor may desig nate one per son of le gal age to serve as an aide dur ing the ses sion. Exceptions to this policy may be approved by the Rules Committee. The Senator shall register an aide with the Secretary of the Sen ate and ar range for the pur chase of a name tag with the Sergeant-at-Arms.
- **S10-130. Sen ate jour nal.** (1) The Sen ate shall keep and au then ti cate a jour nal of its pro ceed ings as re quired by law and the rules.
- (2) The Secretary of the Senate will supervise the preparation of the journal under the direction of the President.
- (3) In ad di tion to the pro ceed ings re quired by law to be re corded, the jour nal must in clude:
 - (a) com mit tee re ports;
- (b) every motion, the name of the Sen a torpresenting it, and its disposition;
 - (c) the introduction of leg is lation in the Senate;
 - $(d) \, consideration of legislation subsequent to introduction;\\$
 - (e) roll call votes;

- $(f)\,$ messages from the Governor and the House of Representatives;
- (g) every amend ment, the name of the Sen a tor presenting it, and its disposition;
- (h) the names of Sen a tors and their votes on any ques tion upon a re quest by two Sen a tors be fore a vote is taken; and
 - (i) any other re cords the Sen ate di rects by rule or action.
- $(4) The Sec \ re \ tary \ of the Sen \ ate \ shall \ pro \ vide \ in \ for \ mation \ that \ may be \ nec \ es \ sary \ for \ the \ prep \ a \ ration \ of \ the \ daily \ journal \ for \ printing \ by the Legislative Services Division. Upon approval \ by the President, the \ daily \ journal \ must \ be \ re \ pro \ duced \ and \ distributed.$
- (5) Any Sen a tor may examine the daily jour nal and propose corrections. With out objection by the Sen ate, the President may direct the correction to be made.
- (6) The President shall authenticate the original daily jour nal, from time to time, and the Sec re tary of the Sen ate shall, as appropriate, deliver it to the Legislative Services Di vi sion to be pre pared for pub li ca tion and dis tri bu tion in accordance with law.

Decorum

- **S20-10. Ques tions of or der.** The Pres i dent of the Sen ate shall de cide all ques tions of or der, subject to an ap peal by any Sen a tor sec onded by two other Sen a tors. A Sen a tor may not speak more than once on an ap peal with out the con sent of a major ity of the Senate.
- **S20-20. Questions of privilege.** (1) Questions of privilege in or der of precedence are those:
- (a) affecting the collective rights, safety, dignity, or integrity of the proceedings of the Sen ate; and
- (b) affecting the rights, reputation, or conduct of in dividual Senators in their capacity as Senators.
- (2) A Sen a tor may not ad dress the Sen ate on a ques tion of privilege be tween the time:
- (a) an un de bat able mo tion is of fered and the vote is taken on the mo tion;
- (b) the pre vi ous question is or dered and the vote is taken on the proposition in cluded under the pre vi ous question; or
- (c) a mo tion to lay on the table is of fered and the vote is taken on the mo tion.
- **S20-30. Recognition by chair.** A Senator desiring to speak shall rise and ad dress the pre sid ing of fi cer and, once be ing recognized, shall speak standing in place. The presiding officer may grant permission for a speaker to speak from else where in the chamber. When two or more Sen a tors rise at the same time, the pre siding of fi cer shall name the order of the speakers.
- **S20-40.** Sen a tors called to or der. When a Sen a tor has been called to or der, the Sen a tor shall sit down un til the presid ing of ficer de ter mines whether the Sen a tor is in or der or not. If the Sen a tor is called to or der for words spo ken in debate, the language excepted to must be taken down in writ ing by the Secretary of the Senate.
- **S20-50. Communications to Senate.** A communication to the Senate must be ad dressed to the President and must bear the name of the person submitting it. The President shall decide if the communication bears including in the calendar.
- **S20-60. Floor privileges.** (1) When the Senate is in session no person is per mit ted in the chambers except:

- (a) legis lators;
- (b) legislative officers and employees whose presence is necessary for the conduct of business of the session;
 - (c) ac credited members of the news media; and
- $\mbox{(d)}$ former legislators (not currently registered as lobbyists).
- $\ \$ (2) The President may make exceptions for visiting dignitaries.
- (3) Be gin ning 1 hour be fore and end ing one-half hour af ter adjourn ment, no per son is per mit ted in the cham bers ex cept those au tho rized as ex cep tions un der subsection (1).
- **S20-70. Dis tri bu tion of ma te ri als on floor.** Materials may not be dis trib uted on the Sen a tors' desks in the cham ber un less the ma te rial bears the sig na ture of the bearer and a Sen a tor and has been ap proved by the President.
- **S20-80. Violation of rules.** (1) If a Sen a tor, in speaking or otherwise, violates the rules of the Senate, the President shall, or the major ity or minor ity floor leader may, call the Sen a tor to or der, in which case the Sen a tor called to or der must be seated immediately.
- (2) The Sen a tor called to or der may move for an ap peal to the Sen ate, and if the motion is seconded by two Sen a tors, the matter must be sub mitted to the Sen ate for determination by major ity vote. The motion is nondebatable.
- (3) If the de ci sion of the Sen ate is in fa vor of the Sen a tor called to or der, the Sen a tor may pro ceed. If the de ci sion is against the Sen a tor, the Sen a tor may not proceed.
- (4) If a Sen a tor is called to or der, the matter may be referred to the Rules Com mit tee by the mi nor ity or ma jor ity leader. The Committee may recommend to the Senate that the Sen a tor be cen sured or be subject to other action. The Sen ate shall act upon the rec om men da tion of the Committee.

Committees

- **S30-10.** Com mittee ap point ments. (1) The Sen ate shall elect a Com mittee on Com mit tees con sisting of six members. If the Sen ate is evenly divided be tween parties, the com mit tee shall con sist of six Sen a tors, three from each party.
- (2) The Committee on Committees shall, with the approval of the Senate, appoint the members of Senate standing committees, se lect committees, and joint committees.
- (3) The President of the Senate shall appoint all conference committees and special committees, with the advice of the floor leaders.
- (4) The Senate may change the membership of any committee on 1 day's notice.

S30-20. Standing committees. The standing committees of the Sen ate are as follows:

- (1) Agriculture, Live stock, and Irrigation
- (2) Busi ness and Labor
- (3) Education and Cultural Resources
- (4) Energy and Tele communications
- (5) Ethics
- (6) Fi nance and Claims
- (7) Fish and Game
- (8) High ways and Transportation
- (9) Judiciary
- (10)LegislativeAdministration
- (11) Local Government
- (12) Natural Resources
- (13) Pub lic Health, Wel fare, and Safety
- (14) Rules
- (15) State Administration
- (16) Taxation

S30-30. Mem bers of Se lect Com mit tee on Long-Range Planning. Mem bers of the Se lect Com mit tee on Long-Range Planning may partic i pate and vote as mem bers of the Fi nance

and Claims Committee on issues considered by them as mem bers of the select committee.

- **S30-40.** Ex officio mem bers quo rum. (1) A quo rum of a com mit tee is a ma jor ity of the mem bers of the com mit tee. A quo rum of a com mit tee must be pres ent at a meet ing to act of fi cially. A quo rum of a com mit tee may trans act busi ness, and a ma jor ity of the quo rum, even though it is a mi nor ity of the com mit tee, is sufficient for committee action.
- (2) Each floor leader is an ex officio member of all commit tees in or der to establish a quo rum.
- **S30-50. Chair's du ties.** (1) The chair of a com mit tee is the presiding of ficer of that com mit tee and is responsible for:
- (a) main tain ing or der within the com mit tee room and its environs;
 - (b) scheduling hearings and executive action;
- (c) supervising committee work, including the appointment of sub committees to act on a formal or in formal basis; and
- (d) authenticating committee reports and minutes by sign ing them and sub mit ting them promptly to the Sec re tary of the Senate.
- (2) Af ter ad journ ment of the ses sion, the chair shall turn the orig i nal and two complete copies of the min utes over to the Sec re tary of the Sen ate who shall de liver them un bound to the Legislative Ser vices Di vi sion li brar ian who will ar range to have them copied in an elec tronic for mat. An elec tronic copy will be provided to the Legis lative Ser vices Di vi sion and the State Law Li brary of Montana. The original min utes must be de livered to the Montana Historical Society.
- **S30-60. Meet ings.** (1) All meet ings of com mit tees must be open to the pub lic at all times, subject al ways to the power and au thor ity of the chair to main tain safety, or der, and de co rum. The date, time, and place of committee meet ings must be announced.
 - (2) A com mit tee or sub com mit tee may be as sem bled for:
- (a) a public hearing at which testi mony is to be heard and at which official action may be taken on bills, reso lutions, or other matters;
- (b) a for mal meet ing at which the com mit tees may dis cuss and take of fi cial ac tion on bills, res o lu tions, or other mat ters with out test i mony; or

- (c) a work ses sion at which the com mit tee may dis cuss bills, res o lu tions, or other mat ters but take no for mal action.
- (3) All com mit tees meet at the call of the chair or upon the re quest of a major ity of the mem bers of the com mit tee.
- (4) All com mit tees shall pro vide for and give public no tice, reasonably calculated to give actual notice to interested per sons, of the time, place, and subject mat ter of regular and special meetings. All commit tees are encouraged to provide at least 3 leg is lative days' no tice to members of commit tees and the general public. How ever, subject to S30-120, a meeting may be held upon no tice appropriate to the circumstances.
- (5) A committee may not meet during the time the Sen ate is in session without leave of the President. Any Senator at tending a meeting while the Sen ate is in session must be considered excused to at tend business of the Sen ate subject to a call of the Senate.
- (6) All meet ings of com mit tees must be re corded and the min utes must be avail able to the pub lic within a rea son able time af ter the meet ing. The of fi cial re cord must con tain at least the following information:
 - (a) the time and place of each meet ing of the com mit tee;
 - (b) com mit tee mem bers pres ent, ex cused, or ab sent;
- (c) the names and ad dresses of per sons ap pearing be fore the com mit tee, whom each rep re sents, and whether the per son is a pro po nent, op po nent, or other witness;
 - (d) all mo tions and their dis po si tion;
 - (e) the re sults of all votes; and
 - (f) all testi mony and exhibits.
- (7) If a bill is heard in a joint com mit tee, it must be re ferred to a standing committee. The standing committee is not re quired to hold an ad ditional hearing but may re port the bill to the com mit tee of the whole.
- **S30-70. Proce dures.** (1) The chair shall no tify the spon sor of any bill pend ing be fore the com mit tee of the time and place it will be con sid ered.
- (2) A standing or select committee may not hear leg is lation unless the sponsor or one of the cosponsors is present or unless the spon sor has given written consent.
- (3) (a) Subject to subsection (3) (b), the committee shall act on each bill in its posses sion:

- (i) by re port ing the bill out of the com mit tee:
- (A) with the recommendation that it be referred to another committee;
 - (B) fa vor ably as to pas sage; or
 - (C) unfavorably; or
- (ii) by indefinitely post pon ing or ta bling the mea sure in
- (b) At the writ ten re quest of the spon sor, a com mit tee may finally dis pose of a bill with out a hear ing. Ex cept as pro vided in S30-60(7), a bill may not be re ported from a com mit tee with out a hearing.
- (4) The committee may not report a bill to the Senate without recommendation.
- (5) In re port ing a mea sure out of com mit tee, a com mit tee shall in clude in its re port:
 - (a) the mea sure in the form re ported out;
 - (b) the recommendation of the committee;
 - (c) an iden ti fi ca tion of all sub stan tive changes; and
 - (d) a fis cal note, if re quired.
- (6) If a mea sure is taken from a com mit tee and brought to the Sen ate floor for de bate on sec ond read ing on that day without a committee recommendation, the bill does not in clude amend ments for mally adopted by the committee.
- (7) A sec ond to any mo tion of fered in a com mit tee is not required in order for the motion to be considered by the committee.
- (8) The vote of each mem ber on all com mit tee ac tions must be recorded and reported in the committee minutes. All motions may be adopted only on the affirmative vote of a majority of the members voting.
- (9) A mo tion to take a bill from the table may be adopted by the af fir ma tive vote of a major ity of the members present at any meeting of the committee.
- (10) An action for mally taken by a committee may not be altered in the committee except by reconsideration and further formal action of the committee.
- (11) A com mit tee may re con sider any action as long as the matter re mains in the posses sion of the com mit tee. A bill is in the posses sion of the com mit tee un til a report on the bill is

made to the com mit tee of the whole. A com mit tee mem ber need not have voted with the pre vail ing side in or der to move reconsideration.

- (12) The chair shall de cide points of or der.
- (13) The privileges of committee members include the following:
- (a) to participate freely in committee discussions and debate;
 - (b) to of fer mo tions;
 - (c) to as sert points of or der and privilege;
 - (d) to question wit nesses upon recognition by the chair;
 - (e) to of fer any amend ment to any bill; and
- (f) to vote, either by be ing pres ent or by proxy, us ing a standard form
- (14) Any meet ing of a com mit tee held through the use of telephone or other electronic communication must be conducted in accordance with Chapter 3 of the Senate Rules.
- (15) A com mit tee may con sol i date into one bill any two or more re lated bills re ferred to it when ever leg is la tion may be simplified by the consol i dation.
- (16) Com mit tee pro ce dure must be in for mal, but when any questions arise on com mit tee pro ce dure, the rules or practices of the Sen ate are ap pli ca ble ex cept as stated in the Senate Rules
- **S30-80. Public testimony.** (1) Testimony from proponents, opponents, and in formational wit nesses must be allowed on every bill or resolution before a standing or select committee. All persons, other than the sponsor, offering testimony shall complete a "Wit ness Form" and submit it to the committee secretary.
- (2) Any per son wish ing to of fer test i mony to a com mit tee hearing a bill or resolution must be given a reasonable opportunity to do so, orally or in writing, subject to time constraints. Written test i mony may not be re quired of any wit ness, but all wit nesses must be en cour aged to sub mit a state ment in writing for the committee's official record.
- (3) The chair may or der the com mit tee room cleared of visitors if there is disorderly conduct. During committee meet ings, vis i tors may not speak un less called upon by the chair. Restrictions on time available for testi mony may be announced.

- (4) The number of people in a committee room may not exceed the max imum posted by the State Fire Marshall. The chair shall main tain that limit.
- (5) In any committee meeting, the use of cameras, television, radio, or any form of telecommunication equip ment is allowed, but the chair may designate the areas of the hearing room from which the equipment must be oper ated. Cell phone use is at the discretion of the chair.
- **S30-90.** Committee reports to Senate. (1) Reports of standing committees must be read on Order of Business No. 2, and, subject to subsection (4), de bate may not be had on any report unless a minority report has been submitted. A minority report is submitted after a majority report.
- (2) Any Sen a tor seek ing a re consider a tion of the Sen ate's ac tion on the adoption of a commit tee re port shall do so on Or der of Business No. 6 by motion to re consider. Any Sen a tor may make the reconsideration motion and need not have voted on the prevailing side. This rule applies notwithstanding any joint rule to the contrary. The reconsider ation motion must be made within 1 legislative day of the adoption of the committee report.
- (3) The Rules Com mit tee and con fer ence com mit tees may re port at any time, ex cept dur ing a call of the Sen ate or when a vote is be ing taken.
- (4) On an adverse committee report, the sponsor may respond to the chair of the committee making the report.
- **S30-100. Pairs.** Pairs in standing committee are prohibited. Standing and select committees may by a majority vote of the committee authorize Sen a tors to vote in absentia while engaged in other legislative business. Authorization for absentee or proxy voting must be reflected in the committee minutes.
- **S30-110. Committee hearings.** (1) A bill or resolution may not be con sid ered or be come a law un less referred to a committee and returned from a committee.
 - (2) A bill may be rereferred at any time be fore its pas sage.
- **S30-120.** No tice of committee hearings—exceptions. (1) No tice of a committee hearing must be made by posting the date, time, and subject of the hearing in a conspicuous public place not less than 3 legislative days in advance of the hearing. This 3-day notice requirement does not apply to hearings scheduled:
 - (a) prior to the 3rd leg is la tive day;

- (b) less than 10 legislative days before the transmittal dead line applicable to the subject of the hearing; or
- (c) toconsider confirmation of a gubernatorial appointment received less than 10 legislative days before the last scheduled day of a legislative session.
- (2) When a commit tee hearing is scheduled with less than 3 days' no tice, the commit tee chair shall use all practical means to disseminate no tice of the hearing to the public.
- (3) No tice of con fer ence com mit tee hear ings must be given as pro vided in Joint Rule 30-30.
- **S30-130.Majority/minorityreports.** If the mem bers of a committee cannot agree on a report, the majority and mi nor ity of the com mit tee pres ent at a com mit tee meet ing may sub mit sep a rate re ports. Only one mi nor ity re port may be sub mit ted. The re ports must be en tered at length on the jour nal, un less oth er wise ordered by the Senate.
- **S30-140. Re consider ation in commit tee.** Ex cept for the Commit tee of the Whole, a commit tee may at any time prior to submit ting are port to the Secretary of the Sen atere consider its previous action on legislation.
- **S30-150.** Committee requested legislation. (1) (a) Ex cept as pro vided in sub section (1)(b), at least three-fourths of all the members of a standing committee must have voted in fa vor of the question to allow the committee to request the introduction of legislation.
- (b) The Fi nance and Claims Com mit tee may re quest the introduction of legislation by a majority vote of all of the members of the committee.
- (2) The chair of a committee shall introduce, or shall designate a member of the committee to introduce, legislation requested by the committee. The introduced bill must be referred to the requesting committee.
- (3) When a com mit tee has pro posed an amend ment, the chair is the prin ci pal spon sor.
- **S30-160.** Ethics Committee. (1) The Ethics Committee shall meet only upon the call of the chair after the refer ral of an is sue from the Rules Committee. The Rules Committee may be convened to consider the refer ral of a matter to the Ethics Committee upon the request of a Senator. The Rules Committee shall prepare a written state ment of the specific question or is sue to be addressed by the Ethics Committee. The is sues referred to the Ethics Committee must be related to the actions of a Senator during a legislative session.

 $\left(2\right)$ The matters that may be referred to the Ethics Committee are:

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- (a) a vi o la tion of:
- (i) 2-2-103;
- (ii) 2-2-104;
- (iii) 2-2-111;
- (iv) 2-2-112;
- (b) the use or threatened use of a Senator's position for per sonal or per sonal business benefit or advantage; or
- (c) any other violation of law by a Senator while acting in the capacity of Senator.
- (3) If there is a recommendation from the Ethics Committee, the recommendation is made to the Senate.

Legislation

- **S40-10. Types of leg is la tion.** The only types of leg is la tion that may be in tro duced in the Sen ate are those that have been drafted and ap proved by the Leg is la tive Services Division and signed by a Sen ator. The types of leg is lation allowed include:
 - (1) bills of any subject, except ap pro pri a tions;
 - (2) joint res o lu tions, which may:
- - (b) request an interim study by a legislative subcommittee;
 - (c) adopt or amend the joint rules;
- (d) set salaries and other terms of employment for legislative employees; and
 - (e) accomplishother legislative duties required by law; and
 - (3) simple resolutions, which may:
 - (a) adopt or amend Sen ate rules;
 - (b) pro vide for the in ter nal af fairs of the Sen ate;
 - (c) ex press con fir mation of the Governor's appoint ments;
- (d) make recommen dations con cerning the districting and apportion ment plan as provided by Article V, section 14(4), of the Montana Constitution.
- **S40-20. Introduction.** (1) Upon receiving a bill or resolution from a Sen ator, the Secretary of the Sen ate shall as sign an appropriate sequential number, which constitutes introduction of the legislation.
- (2) Bills and resolutions may be preintroduced, as signed to commit tee, and printed prior to the leg is lative session. The Leg is lative Services Division is responsible for ensuring the preintroduction in tent from each Senator and presenting the preintroduced leg is lation to the Secretary of the Senate.
- (3) Upon refer ral to commit tee, the Sec retary of the Sen ate shall publicly post a listing of the bill or resolution by a summary of its title, to gether with a notation of the committee to which it has been assigned.
- **S40-30. Additional sponsors.** (1) Additional sponsors may be added on mo tion of the chief spon sor at any time prior to a standing committee report on the billor resolution. Forms

for adding sponsors will be supplied on request by the $\mbox{Sec}\,\mbox{re}\,\mbox{tary}\,\mbox{of}\,\mbox{the}\,\mbox{Senate}.$

- (2) Upon pas sage of the motion, the names of the additional sponsors will be printed in the journal and the form con tain ing the sig na tures of the additional sponsors will be forwarded to the Legislative Services Division with the original bill for the inclusion of the names in subsequent printings of the bill or resolution.
- **S40-40. Reading limitations.** (1) Every bill must be read three times prior to pas sage, either by title or by sum mary of title as provided in these rules.
- (2) A bill or res o lu tion may not have more than one read ing on the same day \exp cept the last leg is la tive day.
 - (3) An amend ment may not be of fered on third read ing.
- **S40-50.** Rules for questions requiring other than a majority vote. (1) When a question requires more than a majority vote for final passage, a majority vote is sufficient to decide any question relating to the question prior to third reading.
- (2) Any vote in the Senate on a bill proposing an amendment to the Montana Constitution under circumstances in which there exists the mathematical pos si bil ity of obtain ing the neces sary two-thirds vote of the Leg is la ture will cause the bill to progress as though it had received the majority vote. This rule does not prevent a committee from indefinitely postponing or tabling a bill proposing an amendment to the Montana Constitution.
- (3) If a bill has been amended in the House of Representatives and the amendments are accepted by the Sen ate, the bill must again be placed on third read ing in the Sen ate to de ter mine if the required number of votes has been cast.
- **S40-60. Scheduling for second reading.** (1) All bills and resolutions that have been reported by a committee, accepted by the Senate, and reproduced must be scheduled for consideration by Committee of the Whole.
- (2) Until the 50th legislative day, 1 day must elapse between receiving the legislation from printing and scheduling forsecond reading for consideration by Committee of the Whole.
- (3) The majority leader shall arrange legislation on the agenda in the order in which the bills will be considered, un less oth er wise or dered by the Sen ate or Com mit tee of the Whole

Floor Action

S50-10. Attendance. Unless ex cused, Sen a tors must be present at every sitting of the Senate and shall vote on questions put be fore the Senate.

S50-20. Or ders of busi ness. Af ter prayer, roll call, and report on the jour nal, the or der of busi ness of the Sen ate is as follows:

- (1) communications and petitions;
- (2) re ports of standing com mit tees;
- (3) re ports of se lect com mit tees;
- (4) mes sages from the Gov er nor;
- (5) mes sages from the House of Rep re sen ta tives;
- (6) motions;
- (7) first reading and commit ment of bills;
- (8) sec ond read ing of bills (Com mit tee of the Whole);
- (9) third read ing of bills;
- (10) un fin ished business;
- (11) spe cial or ders of the day; and
- (12) an nounce ment of commit tee meetings.

To re vert to or pass to a new or der of busi ness re quires only a major ity vote. Un less oth er wise specified in the motion to recess, the Senate shall re vert to Or der of Busi ness No. 1 when re con vening after a recess.

S50-30. Limitations on de bate. A Sen a tor may not speak more than twice on any one motion or question without unanimous con sent of the Sen ate, un less the Sen a tor has in tro duced or pro posed the motion or question un der de bate, in which case the Sen a tor may speak twice and also close the de bate. How ever, a Sen a tor who has spo ken may not speak again on the same motion or question to the exclusion of a Senator who has not spoken.

S50-40. Procedure upon of fering a motion. (1) When a motion is of fered it must be restated by the presiding of ficer. If requested by the presiding of ficer or a Sen a tor, it must be reduced to writing, presented at the rostrum, and read aloud by the Secretary.

(2) A motion may be with drawn by the Sen a tor of fering it at any time be fore it is amended or voted upon.

S50-50. Pre ce dence of mo tions. (1) When a ques tion is under debate only the following privileged and subsidiary mo tions may be made:

- (a) to ad journ;
- (b) for a call of the Sen ate;
- (c) to re cess;
- (d) question of privilege;
- (e) to lay on the ta ble;
- (f) for the pre vi ous ques tion;
- (g) to post pone to a cer tain day;
- (h) to re fer or com mit;
- (i) to amend; and
- (j) to post pone in definitely.
- (2) The mo tions listed in sub section (1) have prece dence in the or der listed.
- (3) A question may be in definitely post poned by a major ity roll call of all Sen a tors pres ent and vot ing. When a bill or resolution is post poned in definitely, it is finally rejected and may not be acted upon again except upon a motion of reconsideration.
- (4) A motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration may not be admitted under color of amend ment or substitute.

S50-60. Nondebatable mo tions. The following motions are not de bat able:

- (1) to ad journ;
- (2) for a call of the Sen ate;
- (3) to re cess or rise;
- (4) for par lia mentary in quiry;
- (5) for sus pen sion of the rules;
- (6) to lay on the table;
- (7) for the pre vi ous question;
- (8) to limit, ex tend the lim its of, or to close de bate;

- (9) to amend an un de bat able mo tion;
- (10) to di vide a ques tion;
- (11) to pass busi ness in Com mit tee of the Whole;
- (12) to take from the table;
- (13) a de ci sion of the pre sid ing of fi cer, un less ap pealed or unless the presiding officer submits the question to the Sen ate for ad vice or decision; and
- (14) all incidental motions, such as motions relating to voting or other questions of a general procedural nature.
- **\$50-70. Amending motions.**(1) Subject to subsection (2), no more than one amendment and no more than one substitute motion may be made to a motion. This rule per mits the main motion and two modifying motions.
- (2) A motion for a call of the Senate, for the previous question, to table, or to take from the table may not be amended.
- **S50-80. Previous question.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the effect of calling for the previous question, if adopted, is to close debate immediately, to prevent the of fering of amend ments or other sub sidiary motions, and to bring to vote promptly the immediately pending main question and the ad her ing sub sidiary motions, whether on appeal or otherwise.
- (2) When the pre vious question is or dered on any de bat able question on which there has been no de bate, the question may be de bated for one-half hour, one-half of that time to be given to the pro po nents and one-half to the op po nents. The spon sor of the main motion on which the pre vious question is adopted may close on the motion.
- (3) A call of the Sen ate is not in or der af ter the pre vi ous question is or dered un less it ap pears upon an actual count by the pre sid ing of fi cer that a quo rum is not present.
- **S50-90. Reconsideration.** (1) Any Senator may, on the day the vote was taken or on the next day the Sen ate is in session, move to reconsider the question. A motion to re con sider is a de bat able mo tion, but the de bate is lim ited to the mo tion. The de bate on a mo tion to re con sider may not address the substance of the matter for which reconsideration is sought.
- (2) A mo tion to re con sider may not be with drawn after the next leg is la tive day with out the unan i mous con sent of the Senate, and thereafter any Senator may call it up for

consideration. However, a motion to reconsider made after the 54th day of the ses sion must be disposed of when made.

- (3) A motion to recall a bill from the House of Representatives constitutes notice to reconsider and must be acted on as a motion to reconsider. A motion to reconsider or to re call a bill from the House of Rep re sen ta tives may be made only un der Or der of Busi ness No. 6 and, un der that or der of busi ness, takes pre ce dence over all motions except motions to recess or adjourn.
- (4) When a motion to reconsider is laid on the table, a two-thirds majority is required to take it from the table. When a motion to reconsider fails, the question is finally and conclusively settled.
- (5) If a motion to reconsider third reading action is carried, there may not be further action until the succeeding legislativeday.
- **S50-100. Di vid ing a ques tion.** A Sen a tor may move to di vide a ques tion if it in cludes two or more prop o si tions so distinct in substance that if one thing is taken away a substantive question will remain.
- **S50-110.** Con fer ence com mit tee re ports. (1) When a confer ence com mit tee re port is filed with the Sec re tary of the Sen ate, the re port must be read under Or der of Business No. 3, select committees, and placed on the calendar the succeeding legislative day for consideration on second reading. If recommended favorably by the Committee of the Whole, it may be considered on third reading the same legislative day.
- (2) If both the Sen ate and the House of Rep re sen ta tives adopt the same conference committee report on leg is lation requiring more than a majority vote for final pas sage, the Senate, following approval of the conference committee report on third reading, shall place the final form of the leg is lation on third reading to determine if the required vote is obtained.
- (3) If the Sen ate rejects a conference committee report, the committee continues to exist unless dissolved by the President or by motion. The committee may file a subsequent report.
- (4) A Sen ate con fer ence com mit tee may con fer re gard ing mat ters as signed to it with any House con fer ence com mit tee with like jurisdiction and submit recommendations for consider ation of the Senate.

- **S50-120. Second reading.** (1) The Senate may resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for consideration of busi ness on sec ond read ing, by ap proval of a mo tion for that purpose.
- (2) Af ter a Com mit tee of the Whole has been formed, the Pres i dent shall ap point a chair to pre side.
- (3) All leg is lation considered in the Committee of the Whole must be read by a sum mary of its title. Unless the spon sor requests an opening statement beforehand, proposed amend ments must be considered, and then the bill must be considered in its entirety.
- (4) Prior to adoption of the Committee of the Whole report, a Senator may move to segregate legislation. If the motion prevails, the legislation remains on second reading.
- (5) When a Commit tee of the Whole report on leg is lation is rejected, the leg is lation remains on second reading.
- **S50-130.** Com mit tee of the Whole amend ments. (1) All Committee of the Whole amendments must be prepared, stipulating the date and time of preparation and staff approval, and delivered to the Secretary of the Senate for reading be fore the amend ment is voted on.
- (2) Each amend ment, rejected or adopted, must be printed in the jour nal, along with the name of the spon sor and the vote on each.
- **S50-140. Mo tions in Com mit tee of the Whole.** (1) All proper mo tions on sec ond reading are de bat able.
- (2) The only motions in or $\operatorname{der}\operatorname{dur}\operatorname{ing}\operatorname{Com}\operatorname{mit}\operatorname{tee}\operatorname{of}\operatorname{the}$ Whole are to:
 - (a) amend;
 - (b) rec om mend pas sage or nonpassage;
 - (c) recommend con currence or non con currence;
 - (d) in definitely post pone;
 - (e) pass consider ation;
 - (f) rise;
 - (g) rise and re port;
 - (h) rise and re port prog ress and ask leave to sit again; or
- (i) change the or der in which leg is la tion is placed on the agenda.

- **S50-150. Com mit tee of the Whole gen er ally.** (1) The Com mit tee of the Whole may not ap point sub com mit tees.
- (2) The Committee of the Whole may not punish its members for misconduct, but may report disorder to the Senate.
- **S50-160.** Voting on second reading. (1) On Order of Busi ness No. 8, in ad di tion to other meth ods, a re corded vote may be made in the following manner: the chair may call for a voice vote to accept or reject a question. If the vote is other than unanimous, the chair may ask that the lesser number on the question in dicate their vote by standing. The Secretary will then record the vote of those standing. The chair may then rule that unless excused those not standing and present have voted on the prevailing side of the question and that their vote be recorded as voting on the prevailing side. If there was a unanimous voice vote, all those present will be recorded as having voted for the question.
- (2) A mo tion on sec ond read ing must be dis posed of by a positive vote.
- **S50-170. Third reading procedure.** (1) All legislation pass ing sec ond read ing must be placed on third read ing the day following the receipt of the engrossing or other appropriate printing report.
- (2) On Or der of Busi ness No. 9 the Sec re tary shall read the title and the Pres i dent shall state the ques tion as fol lows: "Sen ate bill num ber (or other ap pro pri ate iden ti fi ca tion)..... hav ing been read three sev eral times, the ques tion is, shall the bill (or other ap pro pri ate iden ti fi ca tion) pass the Senate?"
- (3) If an electronic voting system is used, the President shall state "Those in favor vote yes and those op posed vote no" and the Secretary will sound the signal and open the board for voting. After a reason able pause the presiding of ficer asks "Has every member voted?" (reasonable pause), "Does any member wish to change his or her vote?" (reason able pause), "The Secretary will record the vote."
- **S50-180. Sen ate voting—changing a vote.** (1) A roll call vote must be taken on the request of two Senators, if the request oc curs be fore the vote is taken.
- (2) On a roll call vote the names of the Sen a tors must be called al pha bet i cally, un less an elec tronic vot ing sys tem is used. A Sen a tor may not vote after the deci sion is an nounced from the chair. A Sen a tor may not ex plain a vote un til after the deci sion is an nounced from the chair.

- (3) A Sen a tor may move to change the Sen a tor's vote, on any recorded vote, within 1 legislative day of the vote. The Sen a tor making the motion shall first specify the bill number, the date of the vote, and the original vote tally. A vote may not be changed if it would affect the outcome of leg is lation. The motion is nondebatable. If none of the Sen a tors present object, the change must be entered into the journal.
- (4) If any Sen a tor objects to the re quest in sub section (3), the Sen a tor making the re quest may move to sus pend the rules to allow the Sen a tor to change the Sen a tor's vote.
- (5) An er ror caused by a mal function of the voting sys tem may be cor rected with out a vote within 10 min utes of the malfunction.
- **S50-190. Pairs.** (1) Two Sen a tors may pair on a question that will be determined by a majority vote. On a question re quiring a two-thirds vote for adoption, three Sen a tors may pair, with two Senators for the question and one Senator against. Pair ing is per mit ted only when one of the paired Sen a tors is ex cused when the vote is taken.
- (2) An agree ment to pair must be in writ ing and dated and signed by the Sen a tors agree ing to be bound and must spec ify the du ra tion of the pair. When an agree ment to pair is filed with the Secretary of the Sen ate, it binds the Sen a tors sign ing un til the expiration of time for which it was signed, un less the paired Sen a tors sooner appear and ask that the agree ment be canceled.
 - (3) Pairs in Com mit tee of the Whole are pro hib ited.
- **S50-200. Call of the Senate.** (1) In the absence of a quorum, a majority of Senators present may compel the attendance of absent Senators by ordering a call of the Senate.
- (2) If a quo rum is present, five Sen a tors may or $\operatorname{der} a$ call of the Sen ate.
- (3) On a call of the Sen ate, a Sen a tor who re fuses to at tend may be ar rested by the Ser geant-at-Arms or any other per son, as the majority of the Senators present direct. When the at ten dance of an ab sent Sen a tor is se cured and the Sen ate re fuses to ex cuse the Sen a tor's ab sence, the Sen a tor may not be paid any ex pense pay ments while ab sent and is li a ble for the ex penses incurred in procuring the Senator's attendance.
- (4) During a call of the Senate, all business must be suspended. After a call has been or dered, no motion is in or der except a motion to adjourn or remove the call. The call may be removed by a two-thirds vote.

- **S50-210.** House amend ments to Sen ate legislation. (1) When the House has properly returned Senate legislation with House amendments, the Senate shall announce the amend ments on Or der of Busi ness No. 5 and the Pres i dent shall place them on sec ond read ing for de bate. The Pres i dent may rerefer Sen ate leg is la tion with House amend ments to a com mit tee for a hearing if the House amend ments constitute a significant change in the Senate legislation. The second reading vote is limited to consideration of the House amendments.
- (2) If the Sen ate ac cepts House amend ments, the Sen ate shall place the fi nal form of the leg is la tion on third reading to de ter mine if the leg is la tion, as amended, is passed or if the re quired vote is obtained.
- (3) If the Sen ate rejects the House amend ments, the Sen ate may re quest the House to recede from its amend ments or may direct ap point ment of a conference committee and request the House to ap point a like committee.
- **S50-220. Governor's amendments.** (1) When the Governor returns a bill with recommended amend ments, the Senate shall announce the amendments under Order of Busi ness No. 4.
- (2) The Senate may debate and adopt or reject the Governor's recommended amend ments on second reading on any legislative day.
- (3) If both the Sen ate and the House of Rep re sen ta tives ac cept the Gov er nor's rec om mended amend ments on a bill that re quires more than a major ity vote for fi nal pas sage, the Sen ate shall place the fi nal form of the leg is la tion on third read ing to de ter mine if the re quired vote is obtained.
- **S50-230. Governor's veto.** (1) When the Governor returns a bill with a veto, the Sen ate shall an nounce the veto un der Or der of Busi ness No. 4.
- (2) On any leg is lative day, a Sen a tor may move to over ride the Governor's veto by a two-thirds vote under Order of Busi ness No. 6.

Rules

- **S60-10. Sen ate rules.** (1) A mo tion to amend or adopt a rule of the Senate must be referred to the Rules Committee without debate. A rule of the Sen ate may be amended or adopted only with the con cur rence of a major ity of the Sen ate and after 1 day's notice.
- (2) A rule may be sus pended tem po rarily by a two-thirds vote.
- **S60-20. Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure.** Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure (2000) governs the proceedings of the Sen ate in all cases not covered by these rules.
- $\textbf{S60-30. Quorum.} \ A \ major ity of the Sen ate shall constitute a quorum to do busi ness, but a smaller num ber may adjourn from day to day and compel the attendance of absent Sen a tors, in the man ner and un der pen al ties as the Sen ate may pre scribe (Montana Con stitution, Art. V, Sec. 10(2)).$

Nominations from the Governor

- **S70-10. Nominations.** (1) The Gover nor shall nominate and, by and with the consent of the Senate, appoint all of ficers whose of fices are established by the Montana Constitution or which may be created by law and for whom appoint ment or election is not otherwise provided.
- (2) If during a recess of the Sen ate a vacancy occurs in any office subject to Senate confirmation, the Governor shall appoint some fit per son to discharge the duties of the of fice until the next meeting of the Senate, when the Governor shall nominate a per son to fill the office.
- **S70-20.** Introduction and first reading of nominations. (1) Nominations received from the Governor are:
 - (a) received by the President;
 - (b) de liv ered to the Sec re tary of the Sen ate;
- (c) read un der Or der of Busi ness No. 4, mes sages from the Governor; and
 - (d) referred to commit tee.
- (2) The procedure in subsection (1) constitutes in tro duction and first reading of the nominations.
- (3) The Secretary shall distribute a copy of the list of nominations to each Senator.
- **S70-30. Com mittee pro cess.**(1) (a) The com mit tee shall research each nominee and may request biographical in for mation from the Gover nor for each nominee if none has been provided.
- (b) The committee chair shall submit a bill draft re quest for a simple resolution to include the nominees specified by the committee chair. These bill draft requests will not count against any bill draft request limit imposed on members. When the resolution has been prepared and in troduced, the committee shall hold a hearing on the resolution after appropriate public notice has been made.
- (2) Following the hearings, the committee shall issue pre liminary standing committee reports to be distributed to each Senator, stating the committee's recommendations concerning the nominees.

- (3) (a) If a Sen a tor wishes to have an in divid ual nominee, or group of nominees, considered by the Sen at eseparately from the group of nominees recommended by the committee, the Sen a tor may request of the chair of the committee that the nominee or nominees be considered by a separate resolution.
- (b) A Senator shall request separate \cos ation of a nomine within 3 days of receipt of the preliminary standing committee report. The committee chair shall honor this request.
- (4) After waiting 3 days from the day of distribution of the preliminary standing committee report, the committee chair shall is sue a final standing committee report and deliver the report to the Secretary of the Senate.
- (a) If a nominee is to be sep a rated from the resolution, the final standing committee report must include an amendment deleting that nominee.
- (b) When a nominee has been sep a rated at the request of a Senator, the committee chair shall submit a bill draft request for a simple resolution to include only the nominee so separated. When the resolution has been prepared and in tro duced, the committee shall take executive action on the resolution. When a hearing on the separated nomination was held prior to the committee's preliminary standing committee report, an additional hearing is not required to be held be fore the committee takes action on the separate resolution. After the committee's executive action, the committee chair shall issue a standing committee report.
- (5) If are solution contains only one nominee, the committee shall dispense with the preliminary standing committee report and shall is sue a final standing committee report to be distributed to each Senator stating the committee's recommendation concerning the nominee.
- (6) The Secretary will read the reports under Order of Busi ness No. 2, reports of standing committees.
- (7) After the report has been read, the resolution must be placed on Order of Business No. 11 the next legislative day for consideration by the Senate. Motions to approve or disapprove of the resolution are in order and may be debated.

Appendix A

List of Questions Requiring Other Than a Majority Vote The following questions require the vote specified:

- (1) a call of the Sen ate with a quo rum (five Sen a tors);
- (2) a mo tion to lift a call of the Sen ate (two-thirds of the members present and voting);
 - (3) a mo tion to amend or sus pend rules (two-thirds);
 - (4) a mo tion to over ride the Gov er nor's veto (two-thirds);
- (5) a motion to ap prove a bill to ap propriate the princi pal of the coal trust fund (three-fourths of each house);
- (6) a motion to approve a bill to appropriate highway revenue as described in Article VIII, section 6, of the Montana Constitution for purposes other than therein described (three-fifths of each house);
- (7) a motion to approve a bill proposing to amend the Montana Constitution (two-thirds of the entire Legislature);
- (8) an appeal of the rul ing of the pre sid ing of fi cer (one Sen a tor, sec onded by two other Sen a tors);
- (9) a motion to approve a bill conferring immunity from suit as described in Article II, section 18, of the Montana Constitution (two-thirds); and
- (10) a motion to ap prove a bill to ap propriate the principal of the to bacco set tle ment trust fund (two-thirds).